

MULTI-DIMENSIONAL INDEXING FOR XML DATA

by

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ABSTRACT

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The Extensible Markup Language (XML) is becoming a dominant standard for exchanging and retrieving data over the internet. As XML in data exchanging grows, various XML indexing techniques have been proposed for fast and efficient query processing. A survey of these techniques [9] categorized them into sequence-based indexes, structural indexes, dimension-based indexes and keyword-based indexes based on their properties. In this thesis, we focus on the multi-dimensional XML indexing; more precisely, it can be categorized as a 2-dimension based indexing, which is used in this paper. We studied the properties of multi-dimensional XML indexing and created an implementation to evaluate its performance. It performs well with arbitrary path expressions and retrieves results from a relational database, which is stable and safe. We

also compare the performance of the 2-dimensional indexing with the structure based indexing, which stores summary information of XML documents' tree nodes in main memory.

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

Extensible Markup Language (XML) is quickly becoming the de facto standard for exchanging data over the internet. For XML data, the structure of data sources can be diverse and the schemas are not predefined. One reason why XML has been successful over the internet may be the data type underlying the XML paradigm, namely the tree [33]. Being represented by hierarchical tree, efficient and elegant algorithms, especially recursive algorithms, can be applied to XML. XML has been widely adopted as a universal data exchange format over the World Wide Web.

With the increasing popularity of XML for data representation, a lot of research is going on concerning efficient accessing and querying of XML data. Several query languages for XML [1, 5, 6, 15, 19, 28, 38] have been proposed recently. XML Query languages such as XQuery [5], XPath [38], Lorel [28], and Quilt [6] use path expressions to traverse XML data graph. The target nodes will be extracted if the path among the tree nodes matches the sequence of labels of the path expression. However, the target nodes can be scattered at different locations in the XML document and the physical disk storage. If queries for partial matching were executed, the naïve search takes superfluous navigation and is exhaustive. The performance of query processing

will be degraded and inefficient. Thus, optimizing cost of the navigation on XML data graph is important when processing XML queries; indexing can be use to improve the performance of XML query processing.

XML indexing can speed up the performance of query processing. Depending on the structure and size of XML files, the expected reliability and performance vary, and different indexing techniques may be applied to get satisfactory results. Hence, extra flexibility in indexing is needed to query XML data.

1.2 Goals of the Thesis

A lot of research is going on concerning XML indexing and several techniques have been proposed to improve it. In [23], a survey of XML indexing techniques is provided and the techniques are categorized into:

- Sequence based indexes [21, 32]
- Structure based indexes [9, 10, 17, 22, 26, 27]
- Dimension based indexes [24, 33]
- Keyword based indexes [7, 14, 35]

Formerly, [32] focused on the sequence based indexing and compared three different sequence based indexing techniques on ViST [12]. In [17], N. Manandhar focused on the structure based indexing techniques. The paper proposed to use offset and size to store node information and evaluated query performance on different sizes of XML files. In this paper, the focus will be on multi-dimensional XML indexing techniques.

The contributions of this thesis are:

- Implementation of multi-dimensional indexing, based on 2 dimensions
- Proposal of techniques of XML document reconstruction
- Design and implementation of query processing algorithm
- Comparison with structured based indexing performance

This thesis is a part of a project to evaluate and compare XML indexing techniques. Thus, the goal of this paper is to contribute to our collection of XML indexing techniques by adding on multi-dimension indexing techniques for XML data. Subsequent work will focus on comparing the various techniques.

1.3 Thesis Outline

The rest of this paper is organized as follows. In Chapter 2, we present an overview of XML, XPath and XQuery. We also survey XML indexing techniques. In Chapter 3, we discuss multi-dimensional XML indexing. Chapter 4 describes the implementation of 2-dimensional XML index, document loading, query processing, and reconstruction of XML for presenting query results. In Chapter 5, we present experimental results, and compare 2-dimension indexing with structure based XML indexing. We overview related work in Chapter 6. Finally, Chapter 7 concludes the contribution of this paper.

CHAPTER II

OVERVIEW OF XML

In this chapter we will discuss about XML, XPath, and XQuery. XML data is a semi-structured in nature. To processing queries on XML data, several languages have been proposed. We will overview on XPath and XQuery. Also we discuss about various XML indexing techniques in section 2.4.

2.1 XML

XML is an abbreviation of Extensible Markup Language. Exactly speaking, it is a language to define markup language rather than a simple markup language. That is, contrary to HTML, XML gives names to elements to describe data. The structure of XML data is not predefined.

There are three types of XML documents, which are data-centric, document-centric, and mixed content. Data-centric XML documents are usually highly structured and marked up with XML tags. They are used in sales orders, patient records, and scientific data. Document-centric XML documents are used in user manuals, static Web Pages, and Marketing flyers with its SGML-like capabilities. Mixed-Content XML Documents are hybrid of two types of XML documents. Sample XML file is shown in Figure 2.1

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<department>
  <departname>Computer Science</departname>
  <gradstudent>
    <name>
      <lastname>Kim</lastname>
      <firstname>Do Youn</firstname>
    </name>
    <phone>4054104960</phone>
    <email>dkim@cse.uta.edu</email>
  </gradstudent>
  <faculty>
    <name>
      <lastname>Elmasri</lastname>
      <firstname>Ramez</firstname>
    </name>
    <email>elmasri@cse.uta.edu</email>
    <office>GACB</office>
  </faculty>
</department>
```

Figure 2.1 An example of XML document

To describe data in XML document, the validation should matter. Each element tag should be matched with a closed tag and nested properly. Also optional DTD (Document Type Definition) can be used to define the structure of document. Once XML document references DTD, it can not work correctly without the external schema. Thus, XML documents should be well-formed and validated always.

```
<!ELEMENT department (departname,gradstudent*,faculty*)>
<!ELEMENT gradstudent (name,phone,email)>
<!ELEMENT name (lastname,firstname)>
<!ELEMENT lastname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT firstname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT phone (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT faculty (name,email,office)>
<!ELEMENT name (lastname,firstname)>
<!ELEMENT lastname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT firstname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT email (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT office (#PCDATA)>
```

Figure 2.2 An example of XML DTD

2.2 XPath

XPath expressions are well adapted for XML query language. XPath is used to extract interesting nodes out of the XML tree. It uses a set of syntax rules to identify nodes in an XML document.

XPath query consists of location paths and optional predicates. A location path can be absolute or relative. That means context node (starting point of node) should not be a root node. A sequence of location steps, syntactically separated by '/', is used to identify a set of nodes in an XML documents. Location steps consist of two parts, which are an Axis and a Node Test. There are thirteen XPath axes available:

Table 2.1 XPath Axes

Axis	Node-set
ancestor	contains the ancestors of the context node
ancestor-or-self	contains the context node and the ancestors of the context node
attribute	contains the attributes of the context node
child	contains the children of the context node
descendant	contains the descendants of the context node
descendant-or-self	contains the context node and the descendants of the context node
following	contains all nodes in the same document as the context node that are after the context node in document order, excluding any descendants and excluding attribute nodes and namespace nodes
following-sibling	contains all the following siblings of the context node
namespace	contains the namespace nodes of the context node
parent	contains the parent of the context node, if there is one
preceding	contains all nodes in the same document as the context node that are before the context node in document order, excluding any ancestors and excluding attribute nodes and namespace nodes
preceding-sibling	contains all the preceding siblings of the context node
self	contains just the context node itself

An Axis defines a node-set relative to the current node and tells which direction to travel from the context node to next nodes. On the other hand, a Node Test identifies a node within an axis. XPath also has optional part of zero or more predicates to modify the set of selected nodes. XPath axes will be more discussed in the Chapter 3.

The syntax for XPath expression is: **Axisname::nodetest [predicate]**


```

/department [departname='cs']/gradstudent/name
    → gives names of all gradstudents who are under department named 'cs'

/department/*/phone
    → gives any phone number under department

//faculty/email
    → gives all email addresses of faculties in any place of the document

```

Figure 2.3 Examples of XPath expressions

// is short for /descendant-or-self::node(). For example, //email is short for /descendant-or-self::node()/child::email and so will select any email element in the document.

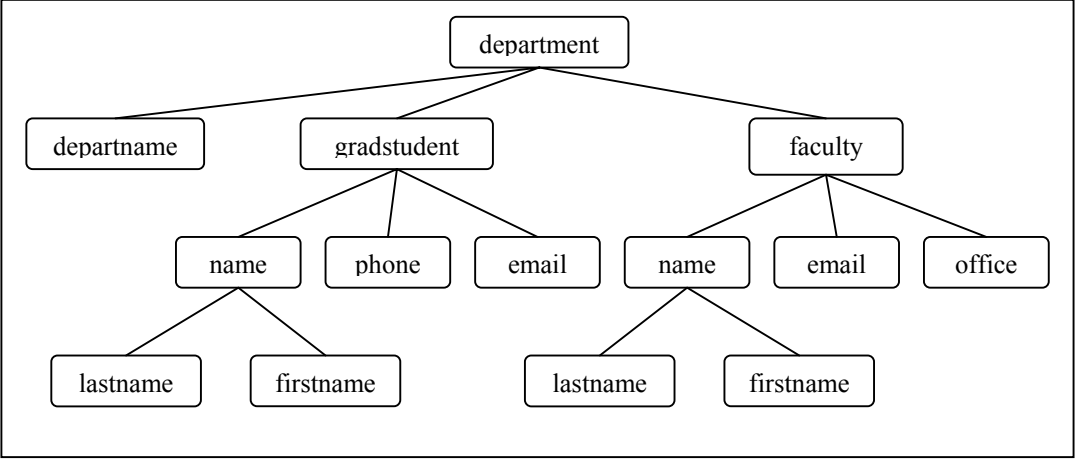


Figure 2.4 Hierarchical tree structures

XML documents can be represented in hierarchical tree structure. The tree representation of the XML document in Figure 2.1 is as shown in Figure 2.4

To traverse a XML tree, there are two parameters in necessity: a context node, which is the starting point in the tree, and a sequence of location steps evaluated from left to right at a time. Results of XPath query may be empty, a single node or contain several nodes.

2.3 XQuery

XQuery is influenced by ODMG and OQL and evolved from Quilt [6]. XQuery is purely a functional language for querying XML, processing XML data and it evaluates to a value. It is a superset of XPath 1.0 but does not support all its axes. It only supports self, parent, child, descendant-or-self, descendant and attribute nodal relationships. It supports the same data models, operators and functions as XPath.

XQuery may access elements from XML documents and construct new values (elements). Query nesting is allowed at any place and on any level. XQuery has formal semantics based on the XML abstract data model.

A simple example of XQuery is as follows:

- Doc("cseuta.xml")/department/departname

The difference between XPath and XQuery is that XPath expressions may return a node set whereas the same XQuery expression will return node sequence.

There are 7 types of expressions in XQuery [36]: path expression, Element constructors, FLWOR expressions, operators and functions expressions, conditional expressions, quantified expressions, and modifying data type expressions. The FLWOR

expression is similar to the select-from-where statement in SQL query. The expression forms the skeleton of the XQuery expression.

XQuery supports data types required for XML documents using node values in addition to the primitive data types. XQuery uses FLWOR expressions which consists of For (loops over the elements of a sequence), Let (binds variable to entire list expression), Where (optional – applies predicate), Order by (imposes an order) and Return (gives the result) [23]. The example of FLWOR expressions is in Figure 2.5.

```
<gradstudents>{  
  for $b in document('cseuta.xml')//gradstudent  
  where $b/name/firstname = 'Do Youn'  
  and $b/name/lastname = 'Kim'  
  return <gradstudent>  
    $b/phone,  
    $b/email  
  </gradstudent>  
}</gradstudents>
```

Figure 2.5 FLWOR expressions in XQuery

A query in XQuery is an expression that reads a sequence of atomic values and returns a sequence. The expression in XQuery can be path expression, element constructors, function calls, arithmetic and logical expressions, conditional expressions, quantified expressions, expressions on sequences, expressions on type. The various expressions can be used together both sequentially and nested. The simplest query is XPath expression.

XQuery also supports user-defined functions whose definitions appear in the query prolog as well as the built-in functions. The function parameters and results could be sequences, nodes or primitive values.

XQuery has several comparison operators. It supports sort by and conditional statements like if-then-else. The queried written in XQuery are successfully adopted for the type of data that XML documents have.

2.4 Survey of XML Indexing Techniques

In recent years, a lot of interest in the indexing of XML data has resulted in many papers that try to improve the performance querying XML data. In [23], a survey of XML indexing techniques is provided and the techniques are categorized into sequence based indexes, structure based indexes, dimension based indexes, and keyword based indexes.

XML indexing techniques can be categorized into two; one is indexing techniques using a relational database [7, 24, 33] and the other is those using byte offset and size [9, 10, 14, 21, 22, 26, 27, 35]. In the former techniques, XML document is preprocessed and stored in a relational database, and query results are reconstructed from the relational database. In the latter techniques, XML document elements are indexed using byte <offset, size> to retrieve the element text from the document.

In sequence based indexing, the XML data is transferred into sequences using either depth-first traversal or breadth first traversal [21]. Then the sequence will be correspondent with the related nodes in XML tree [32].

In structure based indexes, structural summary will construct a summary graph based on the notion of bisimilarity. Structural summary of graph has been proposed by authors in [9, 10, 22, 26, 27]. Two nodes are bisimilar if the path labels into them are identical. Path expressions can be directly evaluated in the summary graph and they can retrieve label matching nodes without referring to the original data graph [17].

The authors in [7, 14, 35] have suggested keyword based indexing. The keyword based indexing focuses on keyword search in which users do not have to learn any schema or query language. They use distance between keywords; and distance between keyword and the resulting XML element to find the proximity among keywords.

In dimension based indexing, the pre-order rank (if necessary, with post-order rank) will be used to locate interesting nodes on the XML tree. XISS [24], a new system for indexing and storing XML data based on a linear numbering scheme for elements, quickly determines the ancestor-descendant relationship between elements in the hierarchy of XML data. The author proposed three new algorithms to calculate a regular path expression: EE-Join for scanning sorted element to another, EA-Join for scanning sorted elements and attributes to find element-attribute pairs, and KC-Join for finding Kleene-Closure on repeated paths or elements, highly effective particularly for

searching paths that are very long or whose lengths are unknown. Torsten Grust has proposed a new index structure, XPath Accelerator [33], mapping every element node onto the two-dimension plane. It supports the multi-dimensional indexing by assigning each node with the pre-order and the post-order on the x-axis and the y-axis respectively. The two-dimension plane can be divided into the four major axes of XPath steps: descendant, ancestor, following, and preceding. It can be implemented using a relational database system and performed especially well if the database system supports spatial indexing techniques such as R-tree.

Although XML query processing in the main memory is attractive due to its fast loading the source, it might be performed expensively by the limitation of the main memory to process larger XML files such as 10MB, 100MB, and so on. In that respect, the advantage of storing XML data into the database can be told as the alternative solution of it. If a XML file like Shakespeare's plays is big and less-frequently update, the overall cost of the multi-dimensional XML indexing storing in a relation database is quite reasonable. We implement multi-dimensional XML indexing to store node information in a relational database and propose a technique of the XML file reconstruction using JAVA vector class. By transforming the original query into a flat n-ary self-join SQL query, one time access to the relational database is enough to get the results directly from the database. Database indices, such as B-trees, are optimized to support four major axes responding to rectangular regions queries in the pre/post plane.

CHAPTER III

MULTI-DIMENSIONAL INDEXING FOR XML DATA

As defined in [23], one of the categories in XML indexing techniques is dimension-based indexing. Two remarkable researches, interval-based indexing [24] and multi-dimensional indexing [33], are going on concerning dimension-based XML indexes. The common point of two papers is that they use Preorder and Postorder to represent XML tree. In this thesis, multi-dimensional indexing is focused. The author of [33] proposed a new index structure, XPath Accelerator, to support the multi-dimension approach. In section 3.1, we review the Pre/Postorder and encoding document regions. XPath Accelerator proposed the two callback procedures, which is based on SAX [29] parser and stack S , to load an XML document instance into the database. We will look at the B-tree supported XPath Accelerator and this chapter is based on materials from [2, 3, 4, 11, 13, 20, 21, 29, 33, 34]

3.1 XPath Document Regions

In this section, we will discuss more about the XPath Axes, which is mentioned in the section 2.2, and review the encoding XPath document regions.

3.1.1 XPath Axes

XPath language is based on the path expression to traverse tree-shaped XML data. Each XML tree node can be one of several node kinds that are element, attribute,

text, comment, processing instruction. A well-formed XML document always has the proper nesting of start and end tags.

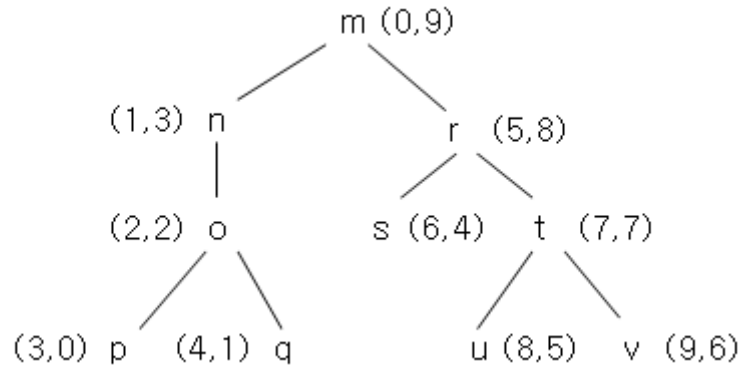


Figure 3.1 Preorder/Postorder rank assignment

XPath path expressions specify a tree traversal by two parameters:

- (1) a sequence of context nodes which notifies the starting point of the traversal
- (2) a list of steps which is syntactically separated by / and evaluated from left to right.

For each context node, a step's axis establishes a subset of document nodes. In [33], this subset of document has been called a document region. The subsets are combined together and sorted by document order to give the starting point of the traversal to the next XPath path step.

There are four axes which will be focused: descendant, ancestor, following and preceding. To make an easy identification, these four axes will be called as major axes from now on.

3.1.2 XML Document Partitions

The four major axes (descendant, ancestor, following and preceding) of the any context node are partitioned by the given node. Regardless of choice of x , the node set contains every single document node exactly once.

$$x/\text{descendant} \cup x/\text{ancestor} \cup x/\text{following} \cup x/\text{preceding} \cup \{x\}$$

If the choice of node x is r in Figure 3.1, then,

$$(r/\text{descendant} \cup r/\text{ancestor} \cup r/\text{following} \cup r/\text{preceding} \cup \{r\}) = \{m, \dots, v\}.$$

This document partitioning is to create an index structure such that, for any given context node, the set of nodes will be determined in the four document partitions. Those partitions are associated with four XPath axes. The rest of the XPath axes (parent, child, descendant-or-self, ancestor-or-self, following-sibling, and preceding-sibling) determine specific supersets or subsets of these node sets which are easy to characterize [34].

Due to this partitioning property of the four major axes, the multi-dimensional indexing is designed. That is, the multi-dimensional indexing can be represented inside the database because of the property that each document node will be contained exactly once.

These discrete partitions in XML document tree motivate to call them with document regions, which will be continually discussed on the next stage.

3.1.3 Encoding XML Document Regions

To support tree-shaped node hierarchy, the encoding has to map the input XML document into a domain in which a node's region. To encode the XML tree nodes, an XML document needs to:

- (1) establish the region notion induced by the four major XPath axes, and
- (2) be efficiently supported by relational databases host.

To accommodate easy encoding the hierarchical tree nodes, efficient number scheme should be used. Pre/post order numbering scheme is proposed in [20] and applied into multi-dimensional based indexes [24, 33]. The document order of the nodes is not easy to be determined because a sequential read of the textual XML representation of the instance informally. However, preorder traversal of the document tree has much more useful characterization of document order. A tree node x is visited and given its preorder rank $\text{pre}(x)$ before its children are recursively traversed from left to right.

In Figure 3.1, left and right ranks in the parentheses are the preorder and the postorder respectively. In preorder traversal, the document order is $m < n < o < p < q < r < s < t < u < v$, and thus $\text{pre}(m) = 0, \dots, \text{pre}(v) = 9$. In postorder traversal, a node x is assigned its postorder rank $\text{post}(x)$ after all its children have been traversed from left to right. Thus the postorder is $\text{post}(p) = 0, \text{post}(q) = 1, \dots, \text{post}(m) = 9$ (see Figure 3.1 for the complete pre/postorder rank assignment).

In [4, 20, 24], one can use $\text{pre}(x)$ and $\text{post}(x)$ to efficiently characterize the descendants x' of the node x .

x' is a descendant of x

$$\text{pre}(x) < \text{pre}(x') \wedge \text{post}(x') < \text{post}(x)$$

During a sequential read of the XML document instances, we have seen the start tag $\langle x \rangle$ before $\langle x' \rangle$ and the end tag $\langle /x \rangle$ after $\langle /x' \rangle$. Thus, the element corresponding to x' is a subset of the element corresponding to x .

Figure 3.2 shows that a given context node r partitions the other nodes on the plane into four groups, AC, FL, PR, and DC. This characterizes the descendant axis of context node x , but we can use $\text{pre}(x)$ and $\text{post}(x)$ to characterize all four major axes in an equally simple manner.

Node r induces a partition of the plane into four disjoint regions:

- (1) the lower-right partition DC contains all descendants of r ,
- (2) the upper-left partition AC traces the ancestors of r ,
- (3) the lower-left partition PR hosts the nodes preceding r , and
- (4) the upper-right partition FL represents the nodes following r

The rest of the XPath axes (parent, child, descendant-or-self, ancestor-or-self, following-sibling, and preceding-sibling) determine specific supersets or subsets of these node sets

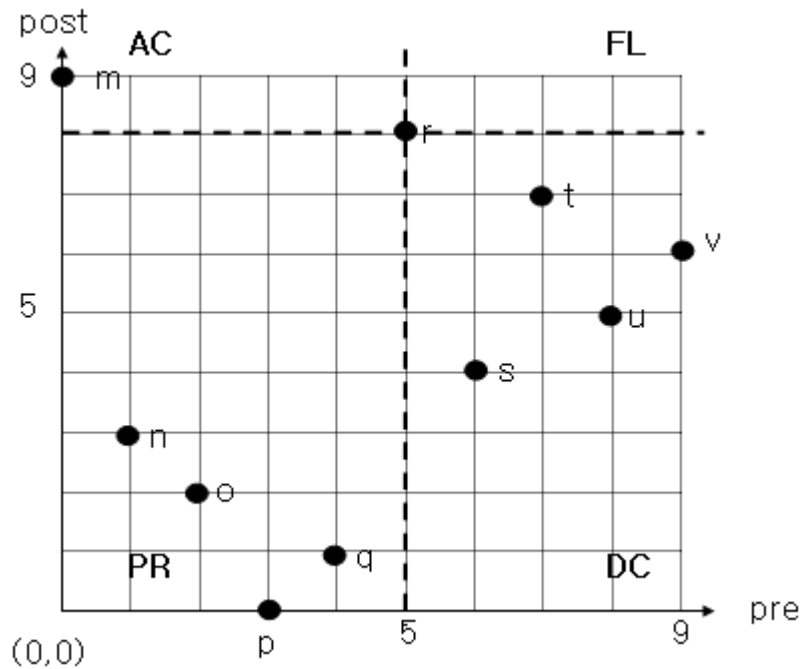


Figure 3.2 Node distributions in the pre/post plane

For any node in XML document tree, this characterization is applied. On this pre/post plane, any node x can be the start point of the XPath traversal. This is the important feature especially for XQuery because XQuery is a fully compositional query language [5]. Arbitrary expressions yield arbitrary context node sequences where XPath traversal may resume (e.g. iteration construction with for).

Evaluating a step along a major axis is querying a rectangular region in the pre/post plane. Database indexes are highly optimized to support this kind of query.

To complete node tests, extra node information should be kept in the databases:

- $\text{name}(x)$ which stores the element tag name or attribute name of node x if x is not empty

- $kind(x)$ which is one of {node, elem, attr, text, comment, processing-instruction}

These two factors completes the encoding represented by its 5-dimensional descriptor $desc(x) = \langle pre(x), post(x), par(x), kind(x), name(x) \rangle$.

Table 3.1 XPath axes α and corresponding query windows $window(\alpha, x)$ with context node x

Axis α	Query window $window(\alpha, x)$				
	pre	post	par	kind	name
child	$\langle pre(x), \infty \rangle$	$(0, post(x))$	$pre(x)$	elem	* >
descendant	$\langle pre(x), \infty \rangle$	$(0, post(x))$	*	elem	* >
descendant-or-self	$\langle pre(x), \infty \rangle$	$(0, post(x))$	*	elem	* >
parent	$\langle par(x), par(x) \rangle$	$(post(x), \infty)$	*	elem	* >
ancestor	$\langle 0, pre(x) \rangle$	$(post(x), \infty)$	*	elem	* >
ancestor-or-self	$\langle 0, pre(x) \rangle$	$(post(x), \infty)$	*	elem	* >
following	$\langle pre(x), \infty \rangle$	$(post(x), \infty)$	*	elem	* >
preceding	$\langle 0, pre(x) \rangle$	$(0, post(x))$	*	elem	* >
following-sibling	$\langle pre(x), \infty \rangle$	$(post(x), \infty)$	$par(x)$	elem	* >
preceding-sibling	$\langle 0, pre(x) \rangle$	$(0, post(x))$	$par(x)$	elem	* >
attribute	$\langle pre(x), \infty \rangle$	$(0, post(x))$	$pre(x)$	attr	* >

An XPath axis corresponds to a specific query window in the space of node descriptors. Table 3.1 summarizes the window together with the corresponding axes. A * entry indicates a don't care match which always succeeds. The example of application to a kind test τ is

$$window(preceding::text(), x) = \langle (0, pre(x)), (0, post(x)), *, text, * \rangle.$$

The encoding shows as if there were only one document, whereas a system may store many. The multiple documents can be stored into one global document by using a

global root node that has various documents as its children. The important thing is query windows should be executed within document boundaries by storing minimum and maximum preorder and postorder rank.

3.2 XML Instance Loading

To load an XML document instance into the database, the nodes can be mapped into the 5-dimensional descriptor space. Each XML document node should be stored exactly once so that the size of the loaded index will be linear in the size of the input instance.

All five components of the node descriptors can be computed during a single sequential parsing by using SAX [29]. SAX is the Simple API for XML, originally a Java-only API. SAX was the first widely adopted API for XML in Java, and is a “de facto” standard.

During loading the size of temporary memory is bounded by the XML document heights, not by the size of it. Two callback procedures are proposed by the author of [33]. A stack S is maintained to keep track of elements whose opening tag has been read but whose closing tag is still to come. When the closing tag comes to be read, its postorder is specified and the 5-descriptor node is ready to be inserted into the database table `accel`.

No additional temporary memory space is needed because sequential but yet partial node information is computed within an application. The stack operations, push, pop, top, and empty are used to practice the two callback procedure shown in Figure 3.3.

```

startElement(t, a, atts)
x ← <pre = gpre, post = null, par = (S.top()).pre, att = a, tag = t>;
S.push(x);
Gpre ← gpre + 1;
For x' IN atts DO
    startElement(x', true, nil);
    endElement(x');

endElement(t)
x ← S.pop();
x.post ← gpost + 1;
insert x into table accel;

```

Figure 3.3 Two callback procedure with stack S

Loading is initiated as follows:

```
gpre = 0; gpost = 0;
```

```
S.empty();
```

```
S.push(<pre = -1, post = null, par = null, att = null, tag = null>);
```

```
SAXparseFile();
```

```
S.pop();
```

In the procedures, t is a tag name, a is a boolean value against attribute and atts is a list of attribute names (parameters of these will be discussed in SAX of the next chapter). All the null values in the loading initiation are undefined values.

All the attributes x' in an attributes list is associated with element and treated like XML elements. The attribute nodes will be distinguished from element nodes by boolean values of att in 5-dimensional descriptors.

The actual element content (CDATA) of an XML document can be treated like an additional child of its containing element by storing right next to the containing node or maintained in a separate table `CDATA` <pre, CDATA> by establishing pre as a foreign key referencing the accel table.

If the DTD of the input XML document is used, a simple translation table can be set up to map element names to numerical values before loading starts.

When updating the accel table, renumbering the preorder and postorder should be performed. To delete a node, it is sufficient to remove its' descriptor entry from table accel.

3.3 XPath Evaluation

The evaluation is based on the relational SQL (Structured Query Language). Assume that the node descriptors of XML document are loaded into 5-column table accel. If e denotes an XPath path expression and α denotes an axis, SQL query scheme is defined

$$\begin{aligned} \text{query}(e/\alpha) = & \text{SELECT } x'.* \\ & \text{FROM query}(e) \text{ } x, \text{ accel } x' \\ & \text{WHERE } x' \text{ INSIDE window}(\alpha, x). \end{aligned}$$

INSIDE, which mimics a SQL keyword, symbolizes the window test. This recursive translation scheme is provided by any subset of node descriptors in table accel (if e is an absolute path expression) or by the document root (the only node t is with $\text{pre}(x) = 0$).

The translation scheme generates an SQL query of nesting depth n for a path expression of n steps. The example for the XPath expression `/descendant::n1/following-sibling::n2` is

```
SELECT x2.*
FROM accel x1, accel x2
WHERE 0 < x1.pre
AND x1.tag = n1
AND x2.pre > x1.pre AND x2.post > x1.post
AND x2.par = x1.par
AND x2.tag = n2.
```

3.4 R-tree Supported XPath Acceleration

XPath Accelerator has been originally designed to be supported by a multi-dimensional access method. Although XPath Accelerator with two B-tree indices is implemented as 2-dimensional XML indexing, XPath performance is better if R-tree based backend would be available. Performances between two setups are compared each other in [33].

A typical node distribution in the pre/post plane for an XML instance of 100 nodes is shown in Figure 3.4 (left). Many nodes are packed on the diagonal of the plane, while upper left is sparsely populated and lower right is completely empty.

In Figure 3.4 (right), coverage and overlapping of the R-tree leaves are minimized (leaf capacity is 6 nodes). With R-tree packing techniques [13], node

descriptors are inserted in preorder value at the cost of using temporary storage for sorting. This leads to 100% storage utilization in the R-tree leaves and improves query performance considerably [33].

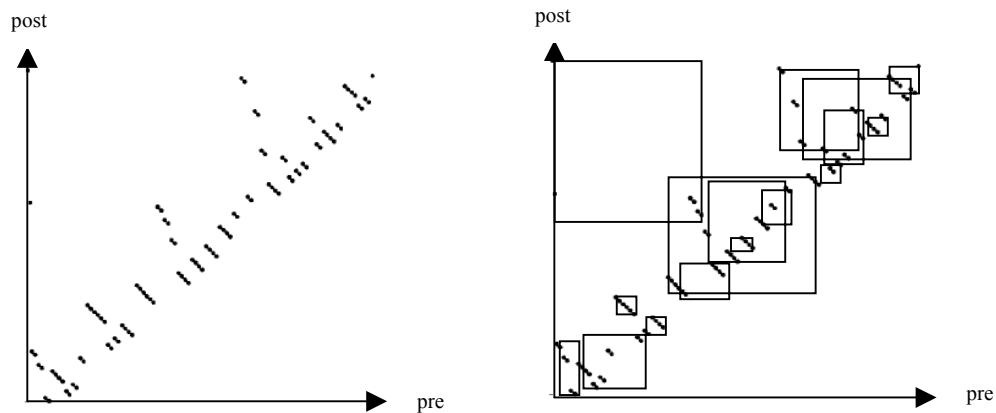


Figure 3.4 Example of a pre/post rank distribution(left) and leaf level of a preorder packed R-tree(right)

R-tree packing in preorder has other benefits that the R-tree window queries returned the result nodes in ascending preorder (in document order). For XQuery specification demands document order on forests resulting from path expressions, this saves the implementation of sorting. For XPath, preorder packing with R-tree facilitates the implementation of context positions [38], which are used in XPath predicates.

CHAPTER IV

IMPLEMENTATION OF 2-DIMENSIONAL XML INDEX

The XPath accelerator [33] has been implemented in two ways; R-tree implementation and B-tree implementation. For the R-tree implementation, R-tree should be supported by database host. In [33], R-tree supported XPath acceleration is optimized by the XML bulk-loading process and R-tree packing techniques [13]. B-tree implementation is associated with B-tree indices. Two ascending B-tree indices on the pre and post columns of the accel table are created to sort query result in document order. B-tree implementation using 2-dimensional plane motivated us to call 2-dimensional XML indexing, whereas R-tree XPath accelerator is supported by a multi-dimensional access method. In this thesis B-tree supported XPath accelerator is implemented. For the both systems use the same base of storage structure and evaluation scheme, 2-dimensional XML indexing is part of multi-dimensional indexing.

4.1 Storage Structure

For 2-dimensional indexing, the same storage structure has been used as described in section 3.1.3. A XML tree node x is converted into node descriptor $\text{desc}(x)$ and stored into a 5-column table accel with $\langle \text{pre}, \text{post par}, \text{kind}, \text{tag} \rangle$. The information of a descriptor will complete a record in accel table of 2-dimensional implementation.

CDATA is not maintained a separate table as mentioned in section 3.3. If ‘cseuta.xml’ file in Figure 2.1 is stored into the table accel then it should be like the Table 4.1.

Table 4.1 Relational table accel records with 5-dimensional descriptors

pre	post	par	kind	tag
2	0	1	c	Computer Science
1	1	0	e	departname
6	2	5	c	Kim
5	3	4	e	lastname
8	4	7	c	Do Youn
7	5	4	e	firstname
4	6	3	e	name
10	7	9	c	4054104960
9	8	3	e	phone
12	9	11	c	dkim@cse.uta.edu
11	10	3	e	email
3	11	0	e	gradstudent
16	12	15	c	Elmasri
15	13	14	e	lastname
18	14	17	c	Ramez
17	15	14	e	firstname
14	16	13	e	name
20	17	19	c	elmasri@cse.uta.edu
19	18	13	e	email
22	19	21	c	GACB
21	20	13	e	office
13	21	0	e	faculty
0	22	-1	e	department

The table accel has 5 columns to accommodate 5-dimensional descriptors. Column pre contains preorder of instance node, column post contains postorder of instance node, and column par contain the parent node of the context node. Those tree columns get an input as an integer value. Column kind contains one single character

data to represent the record is either element node (e) or character data (c). In the column tag, either a real tag name or CDATA can be stored that is tokenized from XML parser (attribute instance are excluded to test for this implementation). Note that each preorder and postorder are unique among their categories, whereas the value of par can be repeated. The very last record of the accel table is a root node and the value of the par record is '-1' for initiation.

DDL (Data Definition Language) for the table accel associated with "cseuta.xml" file is,

```
create table accel_cseuta (  
    pre integer, post integer, par integer,  
    kind char(1), tag text);
```

The table name is altered by 'Accelerator.java' file to identify easily among the multiple tables accel in RDBMS. 'Accelerator.java' is main java file to load XML document to database. There are no primary keys in this table but two B-tree indices are created on pre and post columns right after.

4.2 Loading Implementation

Node descriptors are stored in the relation database for XML querying. 2-dimensional indexing uses relational technology to accelerate XPath query processing. For loading implementation of 2-dimensional index, MySQL and SAX have been used. Also JDBC is mentioned in this section.

4.2.1 Overview of MySQL

MySQL is a popular Open Source SQL database management system, which is developed, distributed, and supported by MySQL AB. MySQL AB is a commercial company, founded by the MySQL developers.

A relational database stores data in separate tables rather than putting all the data in one big storeroom. This adds speed and flexibility. The SQL part of “MySQL” stands for “Structured Query Language.” SQL is the most common standardized language used to access databases and is defined by the ANSI/ISO SQL Standard.

MySQL Server was originally developed to handle large databases much faster than existing solutions and has been successfully used in highly demanding production environments for several years. Its connectivity, speed, and security make MySQL Server highly suited for accessing databases on the Internet.

The InnoDB transactional storage engine has been stable since version 3.23.49. InnoDB is being used in large, heavy-load production systems. MySQL 3.22 had a 4GB (4 gigabyte) limit on table size. With the MyISAM storage engine in MySQL 3.23, the maximum table size was increased to 65536 terabytes ($256^7 - 1$ bytes). With this larger allowed table size, the maximum effective table size for MySQL databases is usually determined by operating system constraints on file sizes, not by MySQL internal limits [16].

For this implementation, MySQL 4.1.14 is used. This will be reviewed in section 5.1 Introduction and Experimental Setup.

4.2.2 Overview of SAX

XML records are loaded in XML parsers, such as a DOM [8] and SAX [29], to be stored in a file. The DOM parses the XML input document, and constructs the complete XML document tree in memory. XML application then issues DOM library calls to explore, manipulate, or generate XML documents.

Unlike DOM parser, SAX (Simple API for XML) is not a W3C standard. It is “de facto” standard API which has been developed jointly by members of the XML-DEV in about 1998. SAX is originally a Java-only API, but there are versions for several programming language environments other than Java [29].

SAX parser is not limited by memory because its processor does not maintain the whole tree data structure. Instead, the SAX parser sends events to the application whenever a certain chunk of XML data has been recognized. For XML data simply consist of Character and ASCII data, SAX parser forms the mass of textual data into chunk, usually 2048 characters.

```
<?xml version="1.0">
<speech>
  <!-- Enter OTHELLO and IAGO -->
  <line from="IAGO" to="OTHELLO">
    Will you think so?
  </line>
</speech>
```

Figure 4.1 Sample XML document for SAX

To find out about the start and end of the document, SAX provides methods called ‘startDocument’ and ‘end Document’. The SAX parser calls procedure ‘startElement’ whenever it receives notification of the beginning of an element. The ‘startElement’ method has name and atts as parameters. The parameter name contains the element type name and the parameter atts contains the attributes attached to the element, if any. The SAX parser calls procedure ‘endElement’ whenever it receives notification of the end of an element. The procedure ‘endElement’ has parameters name, which contains the element type name. The parameter procedure ‘characters’ whenever it receives notification of character data. This procedure contains parameters ch, start and length. The ch contains the characters from the XML document, start contains the start position in the array, and length contains the number of characters to read from the array. The SAX events are shown in Figure 4.1.

Table 4.2 Sample SAX Event with parameters

Event	Parameters sent
startDocument	
startElement	t = “speech”
comment	c = “ Enter OTHELLO and IAGO ”
startElement	t = “line”, (“from”, “IAGO”), (“to”, “OTHELLO”)
characters	buf = “Will you think so?”, len = 18
endElement	t = “line”
endElement	t = “speech”
endDocument	

4.2.3 JDBC

JDBC is short for “Java DataBase Connectivity”. JDBC technology is an API that provides cross-DMBS connectivity to a wide range of SQL databases. It makes it possible to do three things:

- establish a connection with a database or access any tabular data source such as spreadsheets or flat files
- send SQL statements, and
- process the results.

MySQL provides connectivity for Java applications via a JDBC driver. This driver allows directly communicating between applications developed in Java programming language by using MySQL protocol. The driver is downloadable from [16] and a simple tutorial can be found there.

4.3 Indexing using Relational Techniques

A combination of B-tree indices leads to a good performance. The two ascending B-tree indices on the pre and post columns of the accel table are created to query results that were sorted in document order.

XPath axis query window is searched using two independent B-tree range scans on both the pre and post indices. In [33], the author introduces Shrink-Wrap for // axis to reduce query window.

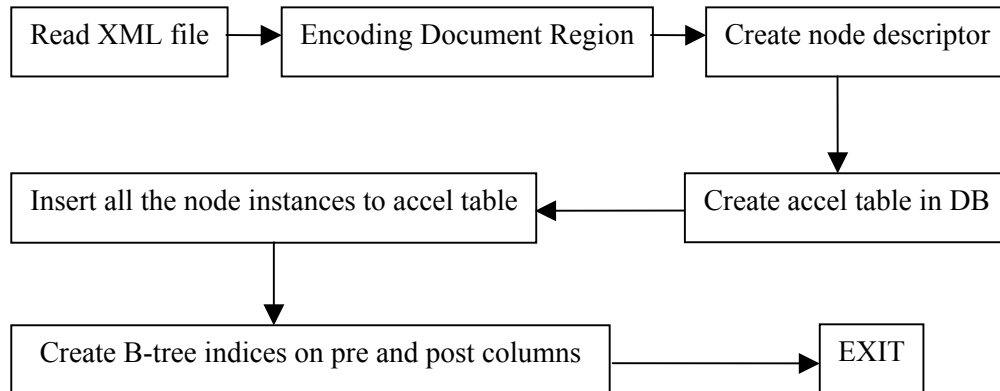


Figure 4.2 Construction of 2-dimensional index

Figure 4.2 shows the steps to create a relational techniques indexing, 2-dimensional index. An XML documents is parsed by SAX parser and the each node is recorded to DB table as soon as the postorder is determined. The step to create B-tree indices on pre and post columns can be done right after an accel table is created in database.

4.4 Querying Implementation

The main part of querying implementation is to create a SQL statement that represents XPath query accordingly. If a query is '/department/gradstudent/name', then the query is parsed and tokenized the string to 'department', 'gradstudent', and 'name', separated by /. Since the SQL statement is informed three steps in the query, declaration alternative relation names v2, v1, and v0 is needed to create a self join SQL statement. For different relations, v2, v1, and v0, the tuples that satisfy the v2.tag="department"

and v2.pre=v1.par and v1.tag="gradstudent" and v1.pre=v0.par and v0.tag="name" and v0.kind="e" will be retrieved. The complete SQL statement for the query is

```
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*  
FROM accel v2,accel v1,accel v0  
WHERE  
v2.tag="department" and v2.pre=v1.par and  
v1.tag="gradstudent" and v1.pre=v0.par and  
v0.tag="name" and v0.kind="e";
```

In the case of an absolute location '//', the translation to the SQL statement is much easier. As the SQL query is simple, the result is extracted very quickly. For example the query of '//name' is translated to

```
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*  
FROM accel v0  
WHERE  
v0.tag="name" and v0.kind="e";
```

For the arbitrary path like '/department/*/name', this '*' means the any node that is a descendant node of the department. Wild card '*' yields a where condition v0.pre>v1.pre and v0.post<v1.post in SQL statement. The condition, 'v0.pre>v1.pre and v0.post<v1.post' gives the result node set of 'descendant' in major document regions.

2-dimensional index is implemented with the automated SQL translator. The SQL statement for '/department/*/name/' is as follows.

```

SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel v1,accel v0
WHERE
v1.tag="department" and v1.pre!=v0.par and
v0.pre>v1.pre and v0.post<v1.post and
v0.tag="name" and v0.kind="e";

```

A query with predicate like ‘/department[deptname=Computer Sciences]/gradstudent’ is not much different as other SQL statement. Since it has four substring variables, ‘department’, ‘deptname’, ‘Computer Sciences’, and ‘gradstudent’, four different aliases [25] (tuple variables) are needed. The statement of SQL query is

```

SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel v3,accel p3,accel c3,accel v0
WHERE
v3.tag="department" and v3.pre=v0.par and
p3.tag="deptname" and v3.pre=p3.par and
c3.pre=p3.pre+1 and c3.tag="Computer Sciences" and
v0.tag="gradstudent" and v0.kind="e";

```

The aliases (tuple variables) are needed as many as the number of tokenized substrings that have to be evaluated. The query processing steps are shown in Figure 4.3.

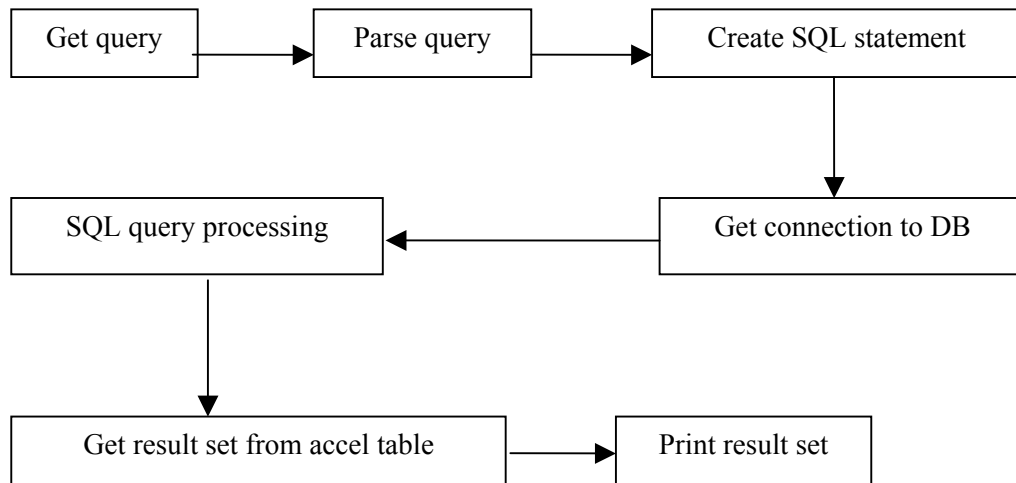


Figure 4.3 Query processing steps

First thing to query is to get a valid query from users (there are some restricted XPath expressions for this implementation). Then parsing query with implemented Java coding by StringTokenizer. The created SQL statement is sent and executed in DB using JDBC. Then the result set is able to be collected from DB. The result set is printed in the last step of Figure 4.3, yet the reconstruction is needed to finalize the querying process.

4.5 Reconstruction

Although the resulting nodes are queried, it is not easy to see the contents of the nodes. Each node of the result node set gives pre and post order. When one node is chosen to see the contents, some procedures are required to see the all descendants node of the selected node. Since unnecessary accesses to database occur overhead, a vector

class has been used to store all the descendant nodes from database. The simplified function DescNodesToVector is shown in 4.2.

```
// Storing Descendant Nodes to Vector
DescNodesToVector (int preorder, int postorder){
  Get connection with MySQL;
  s = "SELECT v.*
      FROM accel_cseuta v
      WHERE v.pre>preorder and v.post<=postorder;
  Send SQL statement(s);
  Get results from DB;
  Store records to Vector NV;}
```

Figure 4.4 Storing Descendant Nodes to Vector

By using the function above, a selected node will save descendants or self nodes, which contains the context node and the descendants of the context node, to the vector NV in ascending postorder. In this way, the processing is executed in main memory rather than calculated between main memory and database, back and forth.

DescNodesToVector has two parameters; preorder and postorder as integer values. The SQL statement is constructed to get all the descendant nodes and the node itself from the Document Region.

After storing descendant nodes information to Vector NV, a procedure is needed to print descendant nodes and self node in appropriate order. A function PrintVectorToXML in Figure 4.3 is presented to show the procedure to reconstruct XML document from a context node.

```

// PrintVectorToXML Fuction(Reconstruction)
PrintVectorToXML(Vector t){
  1: Print the node with open tags whose parent value is the minimum;

  2: Find a node whose parent node is node of 1;
   (while doing 4: node from 3)
  3: Print the node of 2 with open tags;
  4: do 2-3 until it gets to print Character data;

  5: Find a node whose preorder value is the parent value of node 3;
   (while doing 7: node from 6)
  6: Print the node of 5 with close tags;
  7: do 5-6 until it gets to find a node with same parent node of node 6;

  8: If the node from 7 is not printed out yet, Go to 2;
  9: Else then Ends
}

```

Figure 4.5 Reconstruction of XML document

For the XML document is structured that one node may contain other nodes, open tag should wait for close tag until those contained nodes are completely printed out.

Line 1 gets to print root node of the result document. Then a procedure of line 2-4 prints open tags and character data and a procedure of line 5-7 prints closing tag. Line 8 will check sibling nodes to print.

CHAPTER V

EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

In this section, we describe the experimental setup and XML data that are used in our experiment. Querying performance will be evaluated and compared with the performance of structured-base indexing, which is a previous work of our project.

5.1 Experimental Setup

A machine with a Pentium 4 processor, 2.8GHz, 512 MB of RAM and 60 GB hard drive has been used. For the relational database, MySQL 4.1.14 has been used on the computer. For XML parser, SAX 2.0 has been used. Coding has been done in a Java programming language communicating that MySQL via JDBC driver that the MySQL's site provides [16].

5.2 Data

Two different XML files are used to evaluate query performances. The 2-dimensional indexing does not support the instance of the attributes of XML documents and DTD. Therefore some modification may be done on the original data sets.

The first XML data set is downloaded from the website of Niagara Experimental Data, The University of Wisconsin Madison [18]. A XML data 'medicine.xml' has 2840 nodes and the file size is 83 KB. It contains information about students, staff and faculty within a department.

The second XML data set is Shakespeare’s plays, ‘othello.xml’. It is distributed by Jon Bosak [31] and contains 6194 nodes in a 251 KB file. The XML document contains a lot of various acts and scenes of a play. Both two data sets are widely used in various experiments.

Table 5.1 XML Data sets

Data Set	Nodes	Labels	Height	Size on disk
medicine.xml	2840	18	4	83 KB
othello.xml	6194	14	5	251KB

5.3 Queries and Results

XML documents are evaluated with XPath queries given in Table 5.2. Wild card ‘*’, ‘/’, ‘//’, and predicate [x = value] have been used for queries.

Table 5.2 Sample Queries

Datasets	Query	Path Expressions
Medicine	Q1	//gradstudent/email
	Q2	//phone
	Q3	//gradstudent/address/city
	Q4	/department/*/phone
	Q5	/department/gradstudent/address/city
Othello	Q6	//stagedir
	Q7	/play/act/title
	Q8	/play/*/title
	Q9	/play/act[title=ACT I]/scene
	Q10	/play/act[title=ACT I]/scene/speech
	Q11	/play/act[title=ACT I]/scene/speech/line
	Q12	//act[title=ACT I]/scene/speech/line
	Q13	//act[title=ACT I]/scene/stagedir

In [17], the results of the experiment vary depending on the value k of A(k)-index. The research to obtain query results with A(2)-index for medicine was performed the best as well as accurately. So, the result set of A(2)-index for medicine is chosen to be compared with the query results of 2-dimensional indexing for the same data set, medicine. The comparisons of two indexes are shown in Table 5.4.

To make a fair comparison of query performance between two indexes, the reconstruction time is added to the data retrieval time in Table 5.4 and 5.6. The denomination of data retrieval time for Table 5.3 and 5.5 is millisecond. Regardless of the number of resulting nodes, the reconstruction time varies from 20ms to 70ms.

Table 5.3 Data Retrieval time on Medicine

Query	Data Nodes	2-dimensional	Nodes in Result set
Q1	2840	30	74
Q2	2840	32	256
Q3	2840	29	72
Q4	2840	40	256
Q5	2840	29	74

Table 5.4 Query Performance on Medicine

Query	Structure based	2-dimensional	Nodes in Result set
Q1	260	60	74
Q2	614	52	256
Q3	338	74	72
Q4	645	62	256
Q5	177	49	74

Table 5.5 Data Retrieval time on Othello

Query	Data Nodes	2-dimensional	Nodes in Result set
Q6	6194	44	208
Q7	6194	57	5
Q8	6194	55	26
Q9	6194	54	3
Q10	6194	68	163
Q11	6194	121	737
Q12	6194	112	737
Q13	6194	36	129

Table 5.6 Query Performance on Othello

Query	Structure based	2-dimensional	Nodes in Result set
Q6	625	74	208
Q7	208	82	5
Q8	1822	75	26
Q9	266	124	3
Q10	1053	108	163
Q11	412	151	737
Q12	377	142	737
Q13	344	71	129

The query results are significantly improved by performed with 2-dimensional indexing. For the result of Q2, 2-dimensional indexing is nineteen times faster than structured based indexing (the denomination of the time elapsed is millisecond).

The query results of the different A(k)-indexes for Othello are presented in multiple tables of [17]. Among the query results of the different A(k)-indexes for Othello, the best correct results are chosen to be compared with the query results of 2-

dimensional indexing for Othello. The comparisons of two indexes are shown in Table 5.6.

For the elapsed time for Q8, the Structure based indexing takes 1822 milliseconds to execute, whereas 2-dimensional indexing takes 55 milliseconds. 2-dimensional indexing outperforms the Structured based indexing by 33 times for the query (Manandhar of [17] mentioned that the actual total time should have been received by deducting the printing node time from the elapsed time of the query results. However, only the 5 nodes are printed for Q7. So, the time recorded on Q7 is close to the time taken to access it.)

As the result, Q7 shows that the elapsed time is not exactly proportional to the nodes of the result set for 2-dimensional indexing. Q7 takes more time than Q6 for the 2-dimensional indexing, even though the resulting nodes of Q7 are fewer than those of Q6. This is because SQL with the JOIN operation for the database still has to check the records in the table to extract interesting nodes. Two factors determine the query processing time; the number of resulting nodes and the complexity of the JOIN operation in SQL.

Considering the loading time for 2-dimensional indexing into a database, the improved results in the query performance are inevitable. However, there are many XML documents less-frequently updated such as SIGMOD records [30]. The XML data may be updated in every quarter at most. Shakespeare's Plays are immutable and the size of the XML documents can be multiple MBs.

2-dimensional indexing is well suited for the huge documents that are not frequently changeable to provide efficient and reliable performance for query processing.

CHAPTER VI

RELATED WORK

This chapter will discuss about some other works which are closely related to dimension-based indexing.

In [24], a new system has been proposed for indexing and storing XML data based on a numbering scheme [20] for elements. This numbering scheme is extended Preorder Numbering Scheme. This numbering scheme quickly determines the ancestor-descendant relationship between elements in the hierarchy of XML data.

Also new path-join algorithms have been proposed in [24] to efficiently process regular path expression queries for XML data. The EE-Join algorithm is supposed to be highly effective particularly for searching paths that are very long or whose lengths are unknown. The prototype system implementation can be test in [37].

In [2], an index over the prefix-encoding of the paths in an XML document tree is presented. In prefix-encoding, each leaf l of the document tree is prefixed by the sequence of element tags that one encounters during a path traversal from the document root to l . The authors of [2] proposed so-called refined paths to remedy the drawback that arbitrary paths need multiple index lookups or post-processing phase.

In [9], T-index structure is proposed by Milo and Suciu to maintain equivalence classes of document nodes that are indistinguishable with respect to a given path template. T-index represents only parts of documents relevant to a specific path template rather than the whole document tree. T-index allows to trade space for generality.

In [11], relational interval tree (RI-tree) is tailored to efficiently respond to interval queries. The RI-tree could be a promising candidate to index the pre/post plane because B-trees supported by database host suffice to query the RI-tree efficiently.

CHAPTER VII

CONCLUSION

In this chapter, we will discuss the conclusion and contribution that this thesis made. Also the future work is mentioned.

7.1 Conclusion and Contribution

This thesis has been motivated by the requests of efficient information retrieval from XML documents. A lot of researches are going on indexing techniques to improve performance of query processing.

XISS [37] project and XPath Accelerator [33] using Pre/Post plane motivate us to call dimension-based indexing. We used SAX parser and MySQL database to implement the B-tree supported XPath Accelerator.

In [17], N. Manandhar focused on the structure based indexing techniques. The paper proposed to use offset and size to store node information and evaluated query performance on different sizes of XML files. The implementation of this thesis used the same data set, ‘medicine.xml’ and ‘othello.xml’, to be compared easily with the queries performance of structured based indexing. The result is that the initial loading time into database takes time tremendously but it outperforms the structure based indexing. The other beneficial effect of dimension based indexing is to overcome main memory’s limitation that the implementation of structured based indexing suffers.

This thesis is a part of a project to evaluate and compare XML indexing techniques. Thus, the goal of this paper is to contribute to our collection of XML indexing techniques by adding on multi-dimension indexing techniques for XML data. Thus, the main contributions of this thesis are to implement the multi-dimensional indexing, based on 2 dimensions and to use relational techniques for XML indexing.

7.2 Future Work

The query processor of 2-dimensional indexing does not support attribute nodes. However, 'Accelerator.java' includes code for loading and storing attributes. An attribute will be treated as a document node and stored into a relational database table before its parent's child nodes or leaf node (if, any) are stored. To execute XPath query processor for predicates, additional coding is needed within 'Query.java'.

For the implementation of 2-dimensional index, DTD (Document Type Definition) on XML documents should be supported to recognize the various document schemes. Study of SQL query optimization may improve performance of query process. Also, more statistical data sets should be used to evaluate both implementations (e.g. data sets that are generated from XML generators).

As part of our on going project on survey of XML indexing techniques [23], the remaining indexing techniques and their behavior should be compared by the statistical data sets.

APPENDIX A

PARTIAL PREPROCESSED XML DATA FILE

Results of "medicine.xml"

```
-----  
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*  
FROM accel_medicine v1,accel_medicine v0  
WHERE  
v1.tag="gradstudent" and v1.pre=v0.par and  
v0.tag="email" and v0.kind="e";
```

Query1=//gradstudent/email

11 10 3 e email
34 33 26 e email
55 54 47 e email
78 77 70 e email
99 98 91 e email
120 119 112 e email
141 140 133 e email
164 163 156 e email
185 184 177 e email
206 205 198 e email
227 226 219 e email
250 249 242 e email
273 272 265 e email
294 293 286 e email
315 314 307 e email
338 337 330 e email
359 358 351 e email
380 379 372 e email
401 400 393 e email
422 421 414 e email
443 442 435 e email
464 463 456 e email
485 484 477 e email
509 508 501 e email
530 529 522 e email
551 550 543 e email
572 571 564 e email
595 594 587 e email
616 615 608 e email
637 636 629 e email
658 657 650 e email
679 678 671 e email
700 699 692 e email
723 722 715 e email
744 743 736 e email
765 764 757 e email
788 787 780 e email
809 808 801 e email
832 831 824 e email
853 852 845 e email
876 875 868 e email
897 896 889 e email
920 919 912 e email
941 940 933 e email
962 961 954 e email
983 982 975 e email
1004 1003 996 e email
1025 1024 1017 e email
1046 1045 1038 e email
1069 1068 1061 e email
1090 1089 1082 e email
1111 1110 1103 e email

1134 1133 1126 e email
1155 1154 1147 e email
1178 1177 1170 e email
1201 1200 1193 e email
1222 1221 1214 e email
1245 1244 1237 e email
1266 1265 1258 e email
1287 1286 1279 e email
1308 1307 1300 e email
1331 1330 1323 e email
1354 1353 1346 e email
1377 1376 1369 e email
1400 1399 1392 e email
1421 1420 1413 e email
1442 1441 1434 e email
1463 1462 1455 e email
1484 1483 1476 e email
1505 1504 1497 e email
1528 1527 1520 e email
1549 1548 1541 e email
1572 1571 1564 e email
1595 1594 1587 e email

Total Query Time: 0.50(sec) Number of Result Nodes: 74

```
-----  
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*  
FROM accel_medicine v0  
WHERE  
v0.tag="phone" and v0.kind="e";
```

Query2=//phone

9 8 3 e phone
32 31 26 e phone
53 52 47 e phone
76 75 70 e phone
97 96 91 e phone
118 117 112 e phone
139 138 133 e phone
162 161 156 e phone
183 182 177 e phone
204 203 198 e phone
225 224 219 e phone
248 247 242 e phone
271 270 265 e phone
292 291 286 e phone
313 312 307 e phone
336 335 330 e phone
357 356 351 e phone
378 377 372 e phone
399 398 393 e phone
420 419 414 e phone
441 440 435 e phone
462 461 456 e phone
483 482 477 e phone
507 506 501 e phone
528 527 522 e phone
549 548 543 e phone
570 569 564 e phone
593 592 587 e phone
614 613 608 e phone
635 634 629 e phone

656 655 650 e phone
677 676 671 e phone
698 697 692 e phone
721 720 715 e phone
742 741 736 e phone
763 762 757 e phone
786 785 780 e phone
807 806 801 e phone
830 829 824 e phone
851 850 845 e phone
874 873 868 e phone
895 894 889 e phone
918 917 912 e phone
939 938 933 e phone
960 959 954 e phone
981 980 975 e phone
1002 1001 996 e phone
1023 1022 1017 e phone
1044 1043 1038 e phone
1067 1066 1061 e phone
1088 1087 1082 e phone
1109 1108 1103 e phone
1132 1131 1126 e phone
1153 1152 1147 e phone
1176 1175 1170 e phone
1199 1198 1193 e phone
1220 1219 1214 e phone
1243 1242 1237 e phone
1264 1263 1258 e phone
1285 1284 1279 e phone
1306 1305 1300 e phone
1329 1328 1323 e phone
1352 1351 1346 e phone
1375 1374 1369 e phone
1398 1397 1392 e phone
1419 1418 1413 e phone
1440 1439 1434 e phone
1461 1460 1455 e phone
1482 1481 1476 e phone
1503 1502 1497 e phone
1526 1525 1520 e phone
1547 1546 1541 e phone
1570 1569 1564 e phone
1593 1592 1587 e phone
1616 1615 1610 e phone
1635 1634 1629 e phone
1654 1653 1648 e phone
1673 1672 1667 e phone
1692 1691 1686 e phone
1711 1710 1705 e phone
1730 1729 1724 e phone
1749 1748 1743 e phone
1768 1767 1762 e phone
1787 1786 1781 e phone
1806 1805 1800 e phone
1825 1824 1819 e phone
1844 1843 1838 e phone
1863 1862 1857 e phone
1882 1881 1876 e phone
1901 1900 1895 e phone
1920 1919 1914 e phone
1939 1938 1933 e phone
1958 1957 1952 e phone
1977 1976 1971 e phone
1996 1995 1990 e phone
2015 2014 2009 e phone
2034 2033 2028 e phone
2053 2052 2047 e phone
2072 2071 2066 e phone
2091 2090 2085 e phone
2110 2109 2104 e phone
2129 2128 2123 e phone
2148 2147 2142 e phone
2167 2166 2161 e phone
2186 2185 2180 e phone
2205 2204 2199 e phone
2224 2223 2218 e phone
2243 2242 2237 e phone
2262 2261 2256 e phone
2281 2280 2275 e phone
2300 2299 2294 e phone
2319 2318 2313 e phone
2338 2337 2332 e phone
2357 2356 2351 e phone
2376 2375 2370 e phone
2395 2394 2389 e phone
2414 2413 2408 e phone
2433 2432 2427 e phone
2452 2451 2446 e phone
2471 2470 2465 e phone
2490 2489 2484 e phone
2509 2508 2503 e phone
2528 2527 2522 e phone
2547 2546 2541 e phone
2566 2565 2560 e phone
2585 2584 2579 e phone
2604 2603 2598 e phone
2623 2622 2617 e phone
2642 2641 2636 e phone
2661 2660 2655 e phone
2680 2679 2674 e phone
2699 2698 2693 e phone
2718 2717 2712 e phone
2737 2736 2731 e phone
2756 2755 2750 e phone
2775 2774 2769 e phone
2794 2793 2788 e phone
2813 2812 2807 e phone
2832 2831 2826 e phone
2851 2850 2845 e phone
2870 2869 2864 e phone
2889 2888 2883 e phone
2908 2907 2902 e phone
2928 2927 2922 e phone
2947 2946 2941 e phone
2966 2965 2960 e phone
2985 2984 2979 e phone
3004 3003 2998 e phone
3023 3022 3017 e phone
3042 3041 3036 e phone
3061 3060 3055 e phone
3080 3079 3074 e phone

3099 3098 3093 e phone
 3118 3117 3112 e phone
 3137 3136 3131 e phone
 3156 3155 3150 e phone
 3175 3174 3169 e phone
 3194 3193 3188 e phone
 3213 3212 3207 e phone
 3232 3231 3226 e phone
 3251 3250 3245 e phone
 3270 3269 3264 e phone
 3289 3288 3283 e phone
 3308 3307 3302 e phone
 3327 3326 3321 e phone
 3346 3345 3340 e phone
 3365 3364 3359 e phone
 3384 3383 3378 e phone
 3403 3402 3397 e phone
 3422 3421 3416 e phone
 3441 3440 3435 e phone
 3460 3459 3454 e phone
 3479 3478 3473 e phone
 3498 3497 3492 e phone
 3517 3516 3511 e phone
 3536 3535 3530 e phone
 3555 3554 3549 e phone
 3574 3573 3568 e phone
 3593 3592 3587 e phone
 3612 3611 3606 e phone
 3631 3630 3625 e phone
 3650 3649 3644 e phone
 3669 3668 3663 e phone
 3688 3687 3682 e phone
 3707 3706 3701 e phone
 3726 3725 3720 e phone
 3745 3744 3739 e phone
 3764 3763 3758 e phone
 3783 3782 3777 e phone
 3802 3801 3796 e phone
 3821 3820 3815 e phone
 3840 3839 3834 e phone
 3859 3858 3853 e phone
 3879 3878 3873 e phone
 3898 3897 3892 e phone
 3917 3916 3911 e phone
 3936 3935 3930 e phone
 3955 3954 3949 e phone
 3974 3973 3968 e phone
 3993 3992 3987 e phone
 4012 4011 4006 e phone
 4031 4030 4025 e phone
 4050 4049 4044 e phone
 4069 4068 4063 e phone
 4088 4087 4082 e phone
 4107 4106 4101 e phone
 4126 4125 4120 e phone
 4145 4144 4139 e phone
 4164 4163 4158 e phone
 4183 4182 4177 e phone
 4202 4201 4196 e phone
 4221 4220 4215 e phone
 4240 4239 4234 e phone

4259 4258 4253 e phone
 4278 4277 4272 e phone
 4297 4296 4291 e phone
 4316 4315 4310 e phone
 4335 4334 4329 e phone
 4355 4354 4349 e phone
 4374 4373 4368 e phone
 4393 4392 4387 e phone
 4412 4411 4406 e phone
 4431 4430 4425 e phone
 4450 4449 4444 e phone
 4469 4468 4463 e phone
 4488 4487 4482 e phone
 4507 4506 4501 e phone
 4526 4525 4520 e phone
 4545 4544 4539 e phone
 4564 4563 4558 e phone
 4583 4582 4577 e phone
 4602 4601 4596 e phone
 4621 4620 4615 e phone
 4640 4639 4634 e phone
 4659 4658 4653 e phone
 4678 4677 4672 e phone
 4697 4696 4691 e phone
 4716 4715 4710 e phone
 4735 4734 4729 e phone
 4747 4746 4741 e phone
 4759 4758 4753 e phone
 4771 4770 4765 e phone
 4783 4782 4777 e phone
 4795 4794 4789 e phone
 4807 4806 4801 e phone
 4819 4818 4813 e phone
 4831 4830 4825 e phone
 4843 4842 4837 e phone
 4855 4854 4849 e phone
 4867 4866 4861 e phone
 4877 4876 4871 e phone
 4889 4888 4883 e phone
 4899 4898 4893 e phone
 4909 4908 4903 e phone
 4919 4918 4913 e phone
 4929 4928 4923 e phone

Total Query Time: 0.30(sec) Number of Result Nodes: 256

```

-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_medicine v2,accel_medicine
v1,accel_medicine v0
WHERE
v2.tag="gradstudent" and v2.pre=v1.par and
v1.tag="address" and v1.pre=v0.par and
v0.tag="city" and v0.kind="e";
Query3=//gradstudent/address/city
16 14 15 e city
37 35 36 e city
60 58 59 e city
81 79 80 e city
102 100 101 e city
123 121 122 e city
146 144 145 e city
  
```

167 165 166 e city
 188 186 187 e city
 209 207 208 e city
 232 230 231 e city
 255 253 254 e city
 276 274 275 e city
 297 295 296 e city
 320 318 319 e city
 341 339 340 e city
 362 360 361 e city
 383 381 382 e city
 404 402 403 e city
 425 423 424 e city
 446 444 445 e city
 467 465 466 e city
 490 488 489 e city
 512 510 511 e city
 533 531 532 e city
 554 552 553 e city
 577 575 576 e city
 598 596 597 e city
 619 617 618 e city
 640 638 639 e city
 661 659 660 e city
 682 680 681 e city
 705 703 704 e city
 726 724 725 e city
 747 745 746 e city
 770 768 769 e city
 791 789 790 e city
 814 812 813 e city
 835 833 834 e city
 858 856 857 e city
 879 877 878 e city
 902 900 901 e city
 923 921 922 e city
 944 942 943 e city
 965 963 964 e city
 986 984 985 e city
 1007 1005 1006 e city
 1028 1026 1027 e city
 1051 1049 1050 e city
 1072 1070 1071 e city
 1093 1091 1092 e city
 1116 1114 1115 e city
 1137 1135 1136 e city
 1160 1158 1159 e city
 1183 1181 1182 e city
 1204 1202 1203 e city
 1227 1225 1226 e city
 1248 1246 1247 e city
 1269 1267 1268 e city
 1290 1288 1289 e city
 1313 1311 1312 e city
 1336 1334 1335 e city
 1359 1357 1358 e city
 1382 1380 1381 e city
 1403 1401 1402 e city
 1424 1422 1423 e city
 1445 1443 1444 e city
 1466 1464 1465 e city

1487 1485 1486 e city
 1510 1508 1509 e city
 1531 1529 1530 e city
 1554 1552 1553 e city
 1577 1575 1576 e city
 1600 1598 1599 e city

Total Query Time: 0.30(sec) Number of Result Nodes: 74

```

-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_medicine v1,accel_medicine v0
WHERE
v1.tag="department" and v1.pre!=v0.par and
v0.pre>v1.pre and v0.post<v1.post and
v0.tag="phone" and v0.kind="e";

```

Query4=/department/*/phone

9 8 3 e phone
 32 31 26 e phone
 53 52 47 e phone
 76 75 70 e phone
 97 96 91 e phone
 118 117 112 e phone
 139 138 133 e phone
 162 161 156 e phone
 183 182 177 e phone
 204 203 198 e phone
 225 224 219 e phone
 248 247 242 e phone
 271 270 265 e phone
 292 291 286 e phone
 313 312 307 e phone
 336 335 330 e phone
 357 356 351 e phone
 378 377 372 e phone
 399 398 393 e phone
 420 419 414 e phone
 441 440 435 e phone
 462 461 456 e phone
 483 482 477 e phone
 507 506 501 e phone
 528 527 522 e phone
 549 548 543 e phone
 570 569 564 e phone
 593 592 587 e phone
 614 613 608 e phone
 635 634 629 e phone
 656 655 650 e phone
 677 676 671 e phone
 698 697 692 e phone
 721 720 715 e phone
 742 741 736 e phone
 763 762 757 e phone
 786 785 780 e phone
 807 806 801 e phone
 830 829 824 e phone
 851 850 845 e phone
 874 873 868 e phone
 895 894 889 e phone
 918 917 912 e phone
 939 938 933 e phone
 960 959 954 e phone

981	980	975	e phone	2224	2223	2218	e phone
1002	1001	996	e phone	2243	2242	2237	e phone
1023	1022	1017	e phone	2262	2261	2256	e phone
1044	1043	1038	e phone	2281	2280	2275	e phone
1067	1066	1061	e phone	2300	2299	2294	e phone
1088	1087	1082	e phone	2319	2318	2313	e phone
1109	1108	1103	e phone	2338	2337	2332	e phone
1132	1131	1126	e phone	2357	2356	2351	e phone
1153	1152	1147	e phone	2376	2375	2370	e phone
1176	1175	1170	e phone	2395	2394	2389	e phone
1199	1198	1193	e phone	2414	2413	2408	e phone
1220	1219	1214	e phone	2433	2432	2427	e phone
1243	1242	1237	e phone	2452	2451	2446	e phone
1264	1263	1258	e phone	2471	2470	2465	e phone
1285	1284	1279	e phone	2490	2489	2484	e phone
1306	1305	1300	e phone	2509	2508	2503	e phone
1329	1328	1323	e phone	2528	2527	2522	e phone
1352	1351	1346	e phone	2547	2546	2541	e phone
1375	1374	1369	e phone	2566	2565	2560	e phone
1398	1397	1392	e phone	2585	2584	2579	e phone
1419	1418	1413	e phone	2604	2603	2598	e phone
1440	1439	1434	e phone	2623	2622	2617	e phone
1461	1460	1455	e phone	2642	2641	2636	e phone
1482	1481	1476	e phone	2661	2660	2655	e phone
1503	1502	1497	e phone	2680	2679	2674	e phone
1526	1525	1520	e phone	2699	2698	2693	e phone
1547	1546	1541	e phone	2718	2717	2712	e phone
1570	1569	1564	e phone	2737	2736	2731	e phone
1593	1592	1587	e phone	2756	2755	2750	e phone
1616	1615	1610	e phone	2775	2774	2769	e phone
1635	1634	1629	e phone	2794	2793	2788	e phone
1654	1653	1648	e phone	2813	2812	2807	e phone
1673	1672	1667	e phone	2832	2831	2826	e phone
1692	1691	1686	e phone	2851	2850	2845	e phone
1711	1710	1705	e phone	2870	2869	2864	e phone
1730	1729	1724	e phone	2889	2888	2883	e phone
1749	1748	1743	e phone	2908	2907	2902	e phone
1768	1767	1762	e phone	2928	2927	2922	e phone
1787	1786	1781	e phone	2947	2946	2941	e phone
1806	1805	1800	e phone	2966	2965	2960	e phone
1825	1824	1819	e phone	2985	2984	2979	e phone
1844	1843	1838	e phone	3004	3003	2998	e phone
1863	1862	1857	e phone	3023	3022	3017	e phone
1882	1881	1876	e phone	3042	3041	3036	e phone
1901	1900	1895	e phone	3061	3060	3055	e phone
1920	1919	1914	e phone	3080	3079	3074	e phone
1939	1938	1933	e phone	3099	3098	3093	e phone
1958	1957	1952	e phone	3118	3117	3112	e phone
1977	1976	1971	e phone	3137	3136	3131	e phone
1996	1995	1990	e phone	3156	3155	3150	e phone
2015	2014	2009	e phone	3175	3174	3169	e phone
2034	2033	2028	e phone	3194	3193	3188	e phone
2053	2052	2047	e phone	3213	3212	3207	e phone
2072	2071	2066	e phone	3232	3231	3226	e phone
2091	2090	2085	e phone	3251	3250	3245	e phone
2110	2109	2104	e phone	3270	3269	3264	e phone
2129	2128	2123	e phone	3289	3288	3283	e phone
2148	2147	2142	e phone	3308	3307	3302	e phone
2167	2166	2161	e phone	3327	3326	3321	e phone
2186	2185	2180	e phone	3346	3345	3340	e phone
2205	2204	2199	e phone	3365	3364	3359	e phone

3384 3383 3378 e phone
 3403 3402 3397 e phone
 3422 3421 3416 e phone
 3441 3440 3435 e phone
 3460 3459 3454 e phone
 3479 3478 3473 e phone
 3498 3497 3492 e phone
 3517 3516 3511 e phone
 3536 3535 3530 e phone
 3555 3554 3549 e phone
 3574 3573 3568 e phone
 3593 3592 3587 e phone
 3612 3611 3606 e phone
 3631 3630 3625 e phone
 3650 3649 3644 e phone
 3669 3668 3663 e phone
 3688 3687 3682 e phone
 3707 3706 3701 e phone
 3726 3725 3720 e phone
 3745 3744 3739 e phone
 3764 3763 3758 e phone
 3783 3782 3777 e phone
 3802 3801 3796 e phone
 3821 3820 3815 e phone
 3840 3839 3834 e phone
 3859 3858 3853 e phone
 3879 3878 3873 e phone
 3898 3897 3892 e phone
 3917 3916 3911 e phone
 3936 3935 3930 e phone
 3955 3954 3949 e phone
 3974 3973 3968 e phone
 3993 3992 3987 e phone
 4012 4011 4006 e phone
 4031 4030 4025 e phone
 4050 4049 4044 e phone
 4069 4068 4063 e phone
 4088 4087 4082 e phone
 4107 4106 4101 e phone
 4126 4125 4120 e phone
 4145 4144 4139 e phone
 4164 4163 4158 e phone
 4183 4182 4177 e phone
 4202 4201 4196 e phone
 4221 4220 4215 e phone
 4240 4239 4234 e phone
 4259 4258 4253 e phone
 4278 4277 4272 e phone
 4297 4296 4291 e phone
 4316 4315 4310 e phone
 4335 4334 4329 e phone
 4355 4354 4349 e phone
 4374 4373 4368 e phone
 4393 4392 4387 e phone
 4412 4411 4406 e phone
 4431 4430 4425 e phone
 4450 4449 4444 e phone
 4469 4468 4463 e phone
 4488 4487 4482 e phone
 4507 4506 4501 e phone
 4526 4525 4520 e phone

4545 4544 4539 e phone
 4564 4563 4558 e phone
 4583 4582 4577 e phone
 4602 4601 4596 e phone
 4621 4620 4615 e phone
 4640 4639 4634 e phone
 4659 4658 4653 e phone
 4678 4677 4672 e phone
 4697 4696 4691 e phone
 4716 4715 4710 e phone
 4735 4734 4729 e phone
 4747 4746 4741 e phone
 4759 4758 4753 e phone
 4771 4770 4765 e phone
 4783 4782 4777 e phone
 4795 4794 4789 e phone
 4807 4806 4801 e phone
 4819 4818 4813 e phone
 4831 4830 4825 e phone
 4843 4842 4837 e phone
 4855 4854 4849 e phone
 4867 4866 4861 e phone
 4877 4876 4871 e phone
 4889 4888 4883 e phone
 4899 4898 4893 e phone
 4909 4908 4903 e phone
 4919 4918 4913 e phone
 4929 4928 4923 e phone

Total Query Time: 0.190(sec) Number of Result Nodes: 256

```

-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_medicine v3,accel_medicine
v2,accel_medicine v1,accel_medicine v0
WHERE
v3.tag="department" and v3.pre=v2.par and
v2.tag="gradstudent" and v2.pre=v1.par and
v1.tag="address" and v1.pre=v0.par and
v0.tag="city" and v0.kind="e";
Query5=/department/gradstudent/address/city
16 14 15 e city
37 35 36 e city
60 58 59 e city
81 79 80 e city
102 100 101 e city
123 121 122 e city
146 144 145 e city
167 165 166 e city
188 186 187 e city
209 207 208 e city
232 230 231 e city
255 253 254 e city
276 274 275 e city
297 295 296 e city
320 318 319 e city
341 339 340 e city
362 360 361 e city
383 381 382 e city
404 402 403 e city
425 423 424 e city
  
```

446 444 445 e city
 467 465 466 e city
 490 488 489 e city
 512 510 511 e city
 533 531 532 e city
 554 552 553 e city
 577 575 576 e city
 598 596 597 e city
 619 617 618 e city
 640 638 639 e city
 661 659 660 e city
 682 680 681 e city
 705 703 704 e city
 726 724 725 e city
 747 745 746 e city
 770 768 769 e city
 791 789 790 e city
 814 812 813 e city
 835 833 834 e city
 858 856 857 e city
 879 877 878 e city
 902 900 901 e city
 923 921 922 e city
 944 942 943 e city
 965 963 964 e city
 986 984 985 e city
 1007 1005 1006 e city
 1028 1026 1027 e city
 1051 1049 1050 e city
 1072 1070 1071 e city
 1093 1091 1092 e city
 1116 1114 1115 e city
 1137 1135 1136 e city
 1160 1158 1159 e city
 1183 1181 1182 e city
 1204 1202 1203 e city
 1227 1225 1226 e city
 1248 1246 1247 e city
 1269 1267 1268 e city
 1290 1288 1289 e city
 1313 1311 1312 e city
 1336 1334 1335 e city
 1359 1357 1358 e city
 1382 1380 1381 e city
 1403 1401 1402 e city
 1424 1422 1423 e city
 1445 1443 1444 e city
 1466 1464 1465 e city
 1487 1485 1486 e city
 1510 1508 1509 e city
 1531 1529 1530 e city
 1554 1552 1553 e city
 1577 1575 1576 e city
 1600 1598 1599 e city

v0.tag="email" and v0.kind="e";
 Query1=//gradstudent/email
 11 10 3 e email
 34 33 26 e email
 55 54 47 e email
 78 77 70 e email
 99 98 91 e email
 120 119 112 e email
 141 140 133 e email
 164 163 156 e email
 185 184 177 e email
 206 205 198 e email
 227 226 219 e email
 250 249 242 e email
 273 272 265 e email
 294 293 286 e email
 315 314 307 e email
 338 337 330 e email
 359 358 351 e email
 380 379 372 e email
 401 400 393 e email
 422 421 414 e email
 443 442 435 e email
 464 463 456 e email
 485 484 477 e email
 509 508 501 e email
 530 529 522 e email
 551 550 543 e email
 572 571 564 e email
 595 594 587 e email
 616 615 608 e email
 637 636 629 e email
 658 657 650 e email
 679 678 671 e email
 700 699 692 e email
 723 722 715 e email
 744 743 736 e email
 765 764 757 e email
 788 787 780 e email
 809 808 801 e email
 832 831 824 e email
 853 852 845 e email
 876 875 868 e email
 897 896 889 e email
 920 919 912 e email
 941 940 933 e email
 962 961 954 e email
 983 982 975 e email
 1004 1003 996 e email
 1025 1024 1017 e email
 1046 1045 1038 e email
 1069 1068 1061 e email
 1090 1089 1082 e email
 1111 1110 1103 e email
 1134 1133 1126 e email
 1155 1154 1147 e email
 1178 1177 1170 e email
 1201 1200 1193 e email
 1222 1221 1214 e email
 1245 1244 1237 e email
 1266 1265 1258 e email

Total Query Time: 0.30(sec) Number of Result Nodes: 74

```

-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_medicine v1,accel_medicine v0
WHERE
v1.tag="gradstudent" and v1.pre=v0.par and
  
```

1287 1286 1279 e email
1308 1307 1300 e email
1331 1330 1323 e email
1354 1353 1346 e email
1377 1376 1369 e email
1400 1399 1392 e email
1421 1420 1413 e email
1442 1441 1434 e email
1463 1462 1455 e email
1484 1483 1476 e email
1505 1504 1497 e email
1528 1527 1520 e email
1549 1548 1541 e email
1572 1571 1564 e email
1595 1594 1587 e email

830 829 824 e phone
851 850 845 e phone
874 873 868 e phone
895 894 889 e phone
918 917 912 e phone
939 938 933 e phone
960 959 954 e phone
981 980 975 e phone
1002 1001 996 e phone
1023 1022 1017 e phone
1044 1043 1038 e phone
1067 1066 1061 e phone
1088 1087 1082 e phone
1109 1108 1103 e phone
1132 1131 1126 e phone
1153 1152 1147 e phone
1176 1175 1170 e phone
1199 1198 1193 e phone
1220 1219 1214 e phone
1243 1242 1237 e phone
1264 1263 1258 e phone
1285 1284 1279 e phone
1306 1305 1300 e phone
1329 1328 1323 e phone
1352 1351 1346 e phone
1375 1374 1369 e phone
1398 1397 1392 e phone
1419 1418 1413 e phone
1440 1439 1434 e phone
1461 1460 1455 e phone
1482 1481 1476 e phone
1503 1502 1497 e phone
1526 1525 1520 e phone
1547 1546 1541 e phone
1570 1569 1564 e phone
1593 1592 1587 e phone
1616 1615 1610 e phone
1635 1634 1629 e phone
1654 1653 1648 e phone
1673 1672 1667 e phone
1692 1691 1686 e phone
1711 1710 1705 e phone
1730 1729 1724 e phone
1749 1748 1743 e phone
1768 1767 1762 e phone
1787 1786 1781 e phone
1806 1805 1800 e phone
1825 1824 1819 e phone
1844 1843 1838 e phone
1863 1862 1857 e phone
1882 1881 1876 e phone
1901 1900 1895 e phone
1920 1919 1914 e phone
1939 1938 1933 e phone
1958 1957 1952 e phone
1977 1976 1971 e phone
1996 1995 1990 e phone
2015 2014 2009 e phone
2034 2033 2028 e phone
2053 2052 2047 e phone
2072 2071 2066 e phone

Total Query Time: 40(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 74

SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_medicine v0
WHERE
v0.tag="phone" and v0.kind="e";
Query2=//phone
9 8 3 e phone
32 31 26 e phone
53 52 47 e phone
76 75 70 e phone
97 96 91 e phone
118 117 112 e phone
139 138 133 e phone
162 161 156 e phone
183 182 177 e phone
204 203 198 e phone
225 224 219 e phone
248 247 242 e phone
271 270 265 e phone
292 291 286 e phone
313 312 307 e phone
336 335 330 e phone
357 356 351 e phone
378 377 372 e phone
399 398 393 e phone
420 419 414 e phone
441 440 435 e phone
462 461 456 e phone
483 482 477 e phone
507 506 501 e phone
528 527 522 e phone
549 548 543 e phone
570 569 564 e phone
593 592 587 e phone
614 613 608 e phone
635 634 629 e phone
656 655 650 e phone
677 676 671 e phone
698 697 692 e phone
721 720 715 e phone
742 741 736 e phone
763 762 757 e phone
786 785 780 e phone
807 806 801 e phone

2091	2090	2085	e phone	3251	3250	3245	e phone
2110	2109	2104	e phone	3270	3269	3264	e phone
2129	2128	2123	e phone	3289	3288	3283	e phone
2148	2147	2142	e phone	3308	3307	3302	e phone
2167	2166	2161	e phone	3327	3326	3321	e phone
2186	2185	2180	e phone	3346	3345	3340	e phone
2205	2204	2199	e phone	3365	3364	3359	e phone
2224	2223	2218	e phone	3384	3383	3378	e phone
2243	2242	2237	e phone	3403	3402	3397	e phone
2262	2261	2256	e phone	3422	3421	3416	e phone
2281	2280	2275	e phone	3441	3440	3435	e phone
2300	2299	2294	e phone	3460	3459	3454	e phone
2319	2318	2313	e phone	3479	3478	3473	e phone
2338	2337	2332	e phone	3498	3497	3492	e phone
2357	2356	2351	e phone	3517	3516	3511	e phone
2376	2375	2370	e phone	3536	3535	3530	e phone
2395	2394	2389	e phone	3555	3554	3549	e phone
2414	2413	2408	e phone	3574	3573	3568	e phone
2433	2432	2427	e phone	3593	3592	3587	e phone
2452	2451	2446	e phone	3612	3611	3606	e phone
2471	2470	2465	e phone	3631	3630	3625	e phone
2490	2489	2484	e phone	3650	3649	3644	e phone
2509	2508	2503	e phone	3669	3668	3663	e phone
2528	2527	2522	e phone	3688	3687	3682	e phone
2547	2546	2541	e phone	3707	3706	3701	e phone
2566	2565	2560	e phone	3726	3725	3720	e phone
2585	2584	2579	e phone	3745	3744	3739	e phone
2604	2603	2598	e phone	3764	3763	3758	e phone
2623	2622	2617	e phone	3783	3782	3777	e phone
2642	2641	2636	e phone	3802	3801	3796	e phone
2661	2660	2655	e phone	3821	3820	3815	e phone
2680	2679	2674	e phone	3840	3839	3834	e phone
2699	2698	2693	e phone	3859	3858	3853	e phone
2718	2717	2712	e phone	3879	3878	3873	e phone
2737	2736	2731	e phone	3898	3897	3892	e phone
2756	2755	2750	e phone	3917	3916	3911	e phone
2775	2774	2769	e phone	3936	3935	3930	e phone
2794	2793	2788	e phone	3955	3954	3949	e phone
2813	2812	2807	e phone	3974	3973	3968	e phone
2832	2831	2826	e phone	3993	3992	3987	e phone
2851	2850	2845	e phone	4012	4011	4006	e phone
2870	2869	2864	e phone	4031	4030	4025	e phone
2889	2888	2883	e phone	4050	4049	4044	e phone
2908	2907	2902	e phone	4069	4068	4063	e phone
2928	2927	2922	e phone	4088	4087	4082	e phone
2947	2946	2941	e phone	4107	4106	4101	e phone
2966	2965	2960	e phone	4126	4125	4120	e phone
2985	2984	2979	e phone	4145	4144	4139	e phone
3004	3003	2998	e phone	4164	4163	4158	e phone
3023	3022	3017	e phone	4183	4182	4177	e phone
3042	3041	3036	e phone	4202	4201	4196	e phone
3061	3060	3055	e phone	4221	4220	4215	e phone
3080	3079	3074	e phone	4240	4239	4234	e phone
3099	3098	3093	e phone	4259	4258	4253	e phone
3118	3117	3112	e phone	4278	4277	4272	e phone
3137	3136	3131	e phone	4297	4296	4291	e phone
3156	3155	3150	e phone	4316	4315	4310	e phone
3175	3174	3169	e phone	4335	4334	4329	e phone
3194	3193	3188	e phone	4355	4354	4349	e phone
3213	3212	3207	e phone	4374	4373	4368	e phone
3232	3231	3226	e phone	4393	4392	4387	e phone

4412 4411 4406 e phone
 4431 4430 4425 e phone
 4450 4449 4444 e phone
 4469 4468 4463 e phone
 4488 4487 4482 e phone
 4507 4506 4501 e phone
 4526 4525 4520 e phone
 4545 4544 4539 e phone
 4564 4563 4558 e phone
 4583 4582 4577 e phone
 4602 4601 4596 e phone
 4621 4620 4615 e phone
 4640 4639 4634 e phone
 4659 4658 4653 e phone
 4678 4677 4672 e phone
 4697 4696 4691 e phone
 4716 4715 4710 e phone
 4735 4734 4729 e phone
 4747 4746 4741 e phone
 4759 4758 4753 e phone
 4771 4770 4765 e phone
 4783 4782 4777 e phone
 4795 4794 4789 e phone
 4807 4806 4801 e phone
 4819 4818 4813 e phone
 4831 4830 4825 e phone
 4843 4842 4837 e phone
 4855 4854 4849 e phone
 4867 4866 4861 e phone
 4877 4876 4871 e phone
 4889 4888 4883 e phone
 4899 4898 4893 e phone
 4909 4908 4903 e phone
 4919 4918 4913 e phone
 4929 4928 4923 e phone

Total Query Time: 20(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 256

```

-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_medicine v2,accel_medicine
v1,accel_medicine v0
WHERE
v2.tag="gradstudent" and v2.pre=v1.par and
v1.tag="address" and v1.pre=v0.par and
v0.tag="city" and v0.kind="e";
Query3=//gradstudent/address/city
16 14 15 e city
37 35 36 e city
60 58 59 e city
81 79 80 e city
102 100 101 e city
123 121 122 e city
146 144 145 e city
167 165 166 e city
188 186 187 e city
209 207 208 e city
232 230 231 e city
255 253 254 e city
276 274 275 e city
297 295 296 e city
320 318 319 e city
  
```

341 339 340 e city
 362 360 361 e city
 383 381 382 e city
 404 402 403 e city
 425 423 424 e city
 446 444 445 e city
 467 465 466 e city
 490 488 489 e city
 512 510 511 e city
 533 531 532 e city
 554 552 553 e city
 577 575 576 e city
 598 596 597 e city
 619 617 618 e city
 640 638 639 e city
 661 659 660 e city
 682 680 681 e city
 705 703 704 e city
 726 724 725 e city
 747 745 746 e city
 770 768 769 e city
 791 789 790 e city
 814 812 813 e city
 835 833 834 e city
 858 856 857 e city
 879 877 878 e city
 902 900 901 e city
 923 921 922 e city
 944 942 943 e city
 965 963 964 e city
 986 984 985 e city
 1007 1005 1006 e city
 1028 1026 1027 e city
 1051 1049 1050 e city
 1072 1070 1071 e city
 1093 1091 1092 e city
 1116 1114 1115 e city
 1137 1135 1136 e city
 1160 1158 1159 e city
 1183 1181 1182 e city
 1204 1202 1203 e city
 1227 1225 1226 e city
 1248 1246 1247 e city
 1269 1267 1268 e city
 1290 1288 1289 e city
 1313 1311 1312 e city
 1336 1334 1335 e city
 1359 1357 1358 e city
 1382 1380 1381 e city
 1403 1401 1402 e city
 1424 1422 1423 e city
 1445 1443 1444 e city
 1466 1464 1465 e city
 1487 1485 1486 e city
 1510 1508 1509 e city
 1531 1529 1530 e city
 1554 1552 1553 e city
 1577 1575 1576 e city
 1600 1598 1599 e city

Total Query Time: 30(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 74

```

-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_medicine v1,accel_medicine v0
WHERE
v1.tag="department" and v1.pre!=v0.par and
v0.pre>v1.pre and v0.post<v1.post and
v0.tag="phone" and v0.kind="e";
Query4=/department/*/phone
9 8 3 e phone
32 31 26 e phone
53 52 47 e phone
76 75 70 e phone
97 96 91 e phone
118 117 112 e phone
139 138 133 e phone
162 161 156 e phone
183 182 177 e phone
204 203 198 e phone
225 224 219 e phone
248 247 242 e phone
271 270 265 e phone
292 291 286 e phone
313 312 307 e phone
336 335 330 e phone
357 356 351 e phone
378 377 372 e phone
399 398 393 e phone
420 419 414 e phone
441 440 435 e phone
462 461 456 e phone
483 482 477 e phone
507 506 501 e phone
528 527 522 e phone
549 548 543 e phone
570 569 564 e phone
593 592 587 e phone
614 613 608 e phone
635 634 629 e phone
656 655 650 e phone
677 676 671 e phone
698 697 692 e phone
721 720 715 e phone
742 741 736 e phone
763 762 757 e phone
786 785 780 e phone
807 806 801 e phone
830 829 824 e phone
851 850 845 e phone
874 873 868 e phone
895 894 889 e phone
918 917 912 e phone
939 938 933 e phone
960 959 954 e phone
981 980 975 e phone
1002 1001 996 e phone
1023 1022 1017 e phone
1044 1043 1038 e phone
1067 1066 1061 e phone
1088 1087 1082 e phone
1109 1108 1103 e phone
1132 1131 1126 e phone

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1153 1152 1147 e phone
1176 1175 1170 e phone
1199 1198 1193 e phone
1220 1219 1214 e phone
1243 1242 1237 e phone
1264 1263 1258 e phone
1285 1284 1279 e phone
1306 1305 1300 e phone
1329 1328 1323 e phone
1352 1351 1346 e phone
1375 1374 1369 e phone
1398 1397 1392 e phone
1419 1418 1413 e phone
1440 1439 1434 e phone
1461 1460 1455 e phone
1482 1481 1476 e phone
1503 1502 1497 e phone
1526 1525 1520 e phone
1547 1546 1541 e phone
1570 1569 1564 e phone
1593 1592 1587 e phone
1616 1615 1610 e phone
1635 1634 1629 e phone
1654 1653 1648 e phone
1673 1672 1667 e phone
1692 1691 1686 e phone
1711 1710 1705 e phone
1730 1729 1724 e phone
1749 1748 1743 e phone
1768 1767 1762 e phone
1787 1786 1781 e phone
1806 1805 1800 e phone
1825 1824 1819 e phone
1844 1843 1838 e phone
1863 1862 1857 e phone
1882 1881 1876 e phone
1901 1900 1895 e phone
1920 1919 1914 e phone
1939 1938 1933 e phone
1958 1957 1952 e phone
1977 1976 1971 e phone
1996 1995 1990 e phone
2015 2014 2009 e phone
2034 2033 2028 e phone
2053 2052 2047 e phone
2072 2071 2066 e phone
2091 2090 2085 e phone
2110 2109 2104 e phone
2129 2128 2123 e phone
2148 2147 2142 e phone
2167 2166 2161 e phone
2186 2185 2180 e phone
2205 2204 2199 e phone
2224 2223 2218 e phone
2243 2242 2237 e phone
2262 2261 2256 e phone
2281 2280 2275 e phone
2300 2299 2294 e phone
2319 2318 2313 e phone
2338 2337 2332 e phone
2357 2356 2351 e phone

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2376	2375	2370	e phone	3536	3535	3530	e phone
2395	2394	2389	e phone	3555	3554	3549	e phone
2414	2413	2408	e phone	3574	3573	3568	e phone
2433	2432	2427	e phone	3593	3592	3587	e phone
2452	2451	2446	e phone	3612	3611	3606	e phone
2471	2470	2465	e phone	3631	3630	3625	e phone
2490	2489	2484	e phone	3650	3649	3644	e phone
2509	2508	2503	e phone	3669	3668	3663	e phone
2528	2527	2522	e phone	3688	3687	3682	e phone
2547	2546	2541	e phone	3707	3706	3701	e phone
2566	2565	2560	e phone	3726	3725	3720	e phone
2585	2584	2579	e phone	3745	3744	3739	e phone
2604	2603	2598	e phone	3764	3763	3758	e phone
2623	2622	2617	e phone	3783	3782	3777	e phone
2642	2641	2636	e phone	3802	3801	3796	e phone
2661	2660	2655	e phone	3821	3820	3815	e phone
2680	2679	2674	e phone	3840	3839	3834	e phone
2699	2698	2693	e phone	3859	3858	3853	e phone
2718	2717	2712	e phone	3879	3878	3873	e phone
2737	2736	2731	e phone	3898	3897	3892	e phone
2756	2755	2750	e phone	3917	3916	3911	e phone
2775	2774	2769	e phone	3936	3935	3930	e phone
2794	2793	2788	e phone	3955	3954	3949	e phone
2813	2812	2807	e phone	3974	3973	3968	e phone
2832	2831	2826	e phone	3993	3992	3987	e phone
2851	2850	2845	e phone	4012	4011	4006	e phone
2870	2869	2864	e phone	4031	4030	4025	e phone
2889	2888	2883	e phone	4050	4049	4044	e phone
2908	2907	2902	e phone	4069	4068	4063	e phone
2928	2927	2922	e phone	4088	4087	4082	e phone
2947	2946	2941	e phone	4107	4106	4101	e phone
2966	2965	2960	e phone	4126	4125	4120	e phone
2985	2984	2979	e phone	4145	4144	4139	e phone
3004	3003	2998	e phone	4164	4163	4158	e phone
3023	3022	3017	e phone	4183	4182	4177	e phone
3042	3041	3036	e phone	4202	4201	4196	e phone
3061	3060	3055	e phone	4221	4220	4215	e phone
3080	3079	3074	e phone	4240	4239	4234	e phone
3099	3098	3093	e phone	4259	4258	4253	e phone
3118	3117	3112	e phone	4278	4277	4272	e phone
3137	3136	3131	e phone	4297	4296	4291	e phone
3156	3155	3150	e phone	4316	4315	4310	e phone
3175	3174	3169	e phone	4335	4334	4329	e phone
3194	3193	3188	e phone	4355	4354	4349	e phone
3213	3212	3207	e phone	4374	4373	4368	e phone
3232	3231	3226	e phone	4393	4392	4387	e phone
3251	3250	3245	e phone	4412	4411	4406	e phone
3270	3269	3264	e phone	4431	4430	4425	e phone
3289	3288	3283	e phone	4450	4449	4444	e phone
3308	3307	3302	e phone	4469	4468	4463	e phone
3327	3326	3321	e phone	4488	4487	4482	e phone
3346	3345	3340	e phone	4507	4506	4501	e phone
3365	3364	3359	e phone	4526	4525	4520	e phone
3384	3383	3378	e phone	4545	4544	4539	e phone
3403	3402	3397	e phone	4564	4563	4558	e phone
3422	3421	3416	e phone	4583	4582	4577	e phone
3441	3440	3435	e phone	4602	4601	4596	e phone
3460	3459	3454	e phone	4621	4620	4615	e phone
3479	3478	3473	e phone	4640	4639	4634	e phone
3498	3497	3492	e phone	4659	4658	4653	e phone
3517	3516	3511	e phone	4678	4677	4672	e phone

4697 4696 4691 e phone
 4716 4715 4710 e phone
 4735 4734 4729 e phone
 4747 4746 4741 e phone
 4759 4758 4753 e phone
 4771 4770 4765 e phone
 4783 4782 4777 e phone
 4795 4794 4789 e phone
 4807 4806 4801 e phone
 4819 4818 4813 e phone
 4831 4830 4825 e phone
 4843 4842 4837 e phone
 4855 4854 4849 e phone
 4867 4866 4861 e phone
 4877 4876 4871 e phone
 4889 4888 4883 e phone
 4899 4898 4893 e phone
 4909 4908 4903 e phone
 4919 4918 4913 e phone
 4929 4928 4923 e phone

Total Query Time: 50(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 256

 SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
 FROM accel_medicine v3,accel_medicine
 v2,accel_medicine v1,accel_medicine v0
 WHERE
 v3.tag="department" and v3.pre=v2.par and
 v2.tag="gradstudent" and v2.pre=v1.par and
 v1.tag="address" and v1.pre=v0.par and
 v0.tag="city" and v0.kind="e";
 Query5=/department/gradstudent/address/city
 16 14 15 e city
 37 35 36 e city
 60 58 59 e city
 81 79 80 e city
 102 100 101 e city
 123 121 122 e city
 146 144 145 e city
 167 165 166 e city
 188 186 187 e city
 209 207 208 e city
 232 230 231 e city
 255 253 254 e city
 276 274 275 e city
 297 295 296 e city
 320 318 319 e city
 341 339 340 e city
 362 360 361 e city
 383 381 382 e city
 404 402 403 e city
 425 423 424 e city
 446 444 445 e city
 467 465 466 e city
 490 488 489 e city
 512 510 511 e city
 533 531 532 e city
 554 552 553 e city
 577 575 576 e city
 598 596 597 e city
 619 617 618 e city

640 638 639 e city
 661 659 660 e city
 682 680 681 e city
 705 703 704 e city
 726 724 725 e city
 747 745 746 e city
 770 768 769 e city
 791 789 790 e city
 814 812 813 e city
 835 833 834 e city
 858 856 857 e city
 879 877 878 e city
 902 900 901 e city
 923 921 922 e city
 944 942 943 e city
 965 963 964 e city
 986 984 985 e city
 1007 1005 1006 e city
 1028 1026 1027 e city
 1051 1049 1050 e city
 1072 1070 1071 e city
 1093 1091 1092 e city
 1116 1114 1115 e city
 1137 1135 1136 e city
 1160 1158 1159 e city
 1183 1181 1182 e city
 1204 1202 1203 e city
 1227 1225 1226 e city
 1248 1246 1247 e city
 1269 1267 1268 e city
 1290 1288 1289 e city
 1313 1311 1312 e city
 1336 1334 1335 e city
 1359 1357 1358 e city
 1382 1380 1381 e city
 1403 1401 1402 e city
 1424 1422 1423 e city
 1445 1443 1444 e city
 1466 1464 1465 e city
 1487 1485 1486 e city
 1510 1508 1509 e city
 1531 1529 1530 e city
 1554 1552 1553 e city
 1577 1575 1576 e city
 1600 1598 1599 e city

Total Query Time: 30(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 74

Results of "Othello.xml"

```
-----  
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*  
FROM accel_othello v0  
WHERE  
v0.tag="stagedir" and v0.kind="e";  
Query6=//stagedir  
55 53 52 e STAGEDIR  
265 263 52 e STAGEDIR  
478 476 52 e STAGEDIR  
515 513 52 e STAGEDIR  
517 515 52 e STAGEDIR  
590 588 52 e STAGEDIR  
595 593 592 e STAGEDIR  
690 688 592 e STAGEDIR  
747 745 592 e STAGEDIR  
776 774 592 e STAGEDIR  
800 799 592 e STAGEDIR  
818 816 592 e STAGEDIR  
938 936 592 e STAGEDIR  
943 942 940 e STAGEDIR  
993 989 992 e STAGEDIR  
1001 999 940 e STAGEDIR  
1063 1061 940 e STAGEDIR  
1116 1114 940 e STAGEDIR  
1125 1122 1118 e STAGEDIR  
1217 1213 1216 e STAGEDIR  
1346 1343 1341 e STAGEDIR  
1453 1451 940 e STAGEDIR  
1773 1770 1766 e STAGEDIR  
1793 1793 940 e STAGEDIR  
1814 1812 940 e STAGEDIR  
2038 2036 940 e STAGEDIR  
2087 2085 940 e STAGEDIR  
2095 2093 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2152 2150 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2227 2225 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2256 2254 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2258 2256 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2277 2275 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2298 2296 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2318 2315 2305 e STAGEDIR  
2371 2369 2349 e STAGEDIR  
2412 2410 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2426 2423 2421 e STAGEDIR  
2430 2427 2421 e STAGEDIR  
2440 2438 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2668 2664 2667 e STAGEDIR  
2691 2688 2664 e STAGEDIR  
2710 2708 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2767 2764 2756 e STAGEDIR  
2775 2771 2774 e STAGEDIR  
2811 2809 2092 e STAGEDIR  
2999 2997 2092 e STAGEDIR  
3059 3057 2092 e STAGEDIR  
3064 3063 3061 e STAGEDIR  
3094 3092 3061 e STAGEDIR  
3099 3097 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3128 3125 3119 e STAGEDIR  
3138 3136 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3140 3138 3096 e STAGEDIR
```

```
3259 3257 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3296 3295 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3316 3313 3311 e STAGEDIR  
3460 3458 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3513 3511 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3519 3515 3518 e STAGEDIR  
3524 3522 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3548 3546 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3550 3548 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3579 3577 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3586 3583 3581 e STAGEDIR  
3609 3607 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3615 3611 3614 e STAGEDIR  
3618 3615 3611 e STAGEDIR  
3626 3623 3611 e STAGEDIR  
3634 3632 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3646 3644 3096 e STAGEDIR  
3863 3860 3852 e STAGEDIR  
3883 3880 3874 e STAGEDIR  
3893 3891 3096 e STAGEDIR  
4110 4108 3096 e STAGEDIR  
4169 4166 4112 e STAGEDIR  
4217 4214 4188 e STAGEDIR  
4233 4231 3096 e STAGEDIR  
4241 4239 4238 e STAGEDIR  
4250 4248 4238 e STAGEDIR  
4252 4250 4238 e STAGEDIR  
4323 4321 4238 e STAGEDIR  
4360 4357 4355 e STAGEDIR  
4362 4359 4355 e STAGEDIR  
4400 4397 4395 e STAGEDIR  
4406 4404 4238 e STAGEDIR  
4457 4455 4238 e STAGEDIR  
4462 4460 4459 e STAGEDIR  
4490 4488 4459 e STAGEDIR  
4495 4493 4492 e STAGEDIR  
4605 4603 4492 e STAGEDIR  
4607 4605 4492 e STAGEDIR  
4811 4809 4492 e STAGEDIR  
5321 5317 5320 e STAGEDIR  
5335 5331 5334 e STAGEDIR  
5372 5370 4492 e STAGEDIR  
5417 5414 5374 e STAGEDIR  
5463 5460 5458 e STAGEDIR  
5472 5470 4492 e STAGEDIR  
5497 5495 4492 e STAGEDIR  
5577 5573 5576 e STAGEDIR  
5596 5593 5589 e STAGEDIR  
5618 5615 5589 e STAGEDIR  
6022 6019 6003 e STAGEDIR  
6033 6030 6028 e STAGEDIR  
6049 6047 4492 e STAGEDIR  
6087 6085 4492 e STAGEDIR  
6092 6090 6089 e STAGEDIR  
6166 6164 6089 e STAGEDIR  
6215 6212 6208 e STAGEDIR  
6225 6222 6220 e STAGEDIR  
6503 6501 6089 e STAGEDIR  
6530 6528 6089 e STAGEDIR  
6629 6626 6624 e STAGEDIR  
6710 6708 6089 e STAGEDIR
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6712 6710 6089 e STAGEDIR
6752 6749 6741 e STAGEDIR
6841 6839 6089 e STAGEDIR
6849 6847 6846 e STAGEDIR
7027 7025 6846 e STAGEDIR
7042 7039 7029 e STAGEDIR
7080 7077 7063 e STAGEDIR
7190 7187 7183 e STAGEDIR
7206 7203 7183 e STAGEDIR
7228 7225 7223 e STAGEDIR
7386 7383 7381 e STAGEDIR
7426 7424 6846 e STAGEDIR
7465 7463 6846 e STAGEDIR
7471 7467 7470 e STAGEDIR
7630 7627 7625 e STAGEDIR
7641 7639 6846 e STAGEDIR
7658 7656 6846 e STAGEDIR
7665 7663 6846 e STAGEDIR
7710 7706 7709 e STAGEDIR
7785 7781 7784 e STAGEDIR
7818 7816 6846 e STAGEDIR
7868 7865 7847 e STAGEDIR
7876 7874 6846 e STAGEDIR
7951 7949 6846 e STAGEDIR
7956 7954 7953 e STAGEDIR
8039 8036 8034 e STAGEDIR
8049 8047 7953 e STAGEDIR
8082 8078 8081 e STAGEDIR
8091 8089 7953 e STAGEDIR
8297 8294 8288 e STAGEDIR
8305 8302 8288 e STAGEDIR
8313 8311 7953 e STAGEDIR
8370 8368 7953 e STAGEDIR
8381 8379 7953 e STAGEDIR
8595 8592 8590 e STAGEDIR
8603 8600 8590 e STAGEDIR
8605 8602 8590 e STAGEDIR
8829 8827 7953 e STAGEDIR
8834 8833 8831 e STAGEDIR
8881 8879 8831 e STAGEDIR
8996 8992 8995 e STAGEDIR
9013 9010 8992 e STAGEDIR
9019 9016 8992 e STAGEDIR
9036 9032 9035 e STAGEDIR
9198 9196 8831 e STAGEDIR
9206 9204 9203 e STAGEDIR
9231 9229 9203 e STAGEDIR
9269 9267 9203 e STAGEDIR
9276 9274 9203 e STAGEDIR
9287 9285 9203 e STAGEDIR
9294 9292 9203 e STAGEDIR
9301 9299 9203 e STAGEDIR
9303 9301 9203 e STAGEDIR
9340 9338 9203 e STAGEDIR
9342 9340 9203 e STAGEDIR
9388 9386 9203 e STAGEDIR
9461 9459 9203 e STAGEDIR
9478 9476 9203 e STAGEDIR
9536 9534 9203 e STAGEDIR
9643 9640 9638 e STAGEDIR
9654 9651 9647 e STAGEDIR

9673 9669 9672 e STAGEDIR
9678 9675 9669 e STAGEDIR
9692 9690 9203 e STAGEDIR
9720 9717 9713 e STAGEDIR
9764 9761 9751 e STAGEDIR
9770 9768 9203 e STAGEDIR
9775 9773 9772 e STAGEDIR
9810 9807 9777 e STAGEDIR
10135 10133 9772 e STAGEDIR
10141 10137 10140 e STAGEDIR
10157 10153 10156 e STAGEDIR
10169 10165 10168 e STAGEDIR
10201 10197 10200 e STAGEDIR
10215 10212 10206 e STAGEDIR
10217 10214 10206 e STAGEDIR
10312 10310 9772 e STAGEDIR
10491 10489 9772 e STAGEDIR
10614 10612 9772 e STAGEDIR
10629 10625 10628 e STAGEDIR
10703 10701 9772 e STAGEDIR
10759 10757 9772 e STAGEDIR
10789 10787 9772 e STAGEDIR
10811 10808 10802 e STAGEDIR
10821 10819 9772 e STAGEDIR
10836 10832 10835 e STAGEDIR
10848 10846 9772 e STAGEDIR
10906 10905 9772 e STAGEDIR
10931 10929 9772 e STAGEDIR
11155 11153 9772 e STAGEDIR
11174 11172 9772 e STAGEDIR
11187 11183 11186 e STAGEDIR
11210 11208 9772 e STAGEDIR

Total Query Time: 50(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 208

```
-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_othello v2,accel_othello v1,accel_othello v0
WHERE
v2.tag="play" and v2.pre=v1.par and
v1.tag="act" and v1.pre=v0.par and
v0.tag="title" and v0.kind="e";
Query7=/play/act/title
50 49 49 e TITLE
2090 2089 2089 e TITLE
4236 4235 4235 e TITLE
6844 6843 6843 e TITLE
9201 9200 9200 e TITLE
```

Total Query Time: 50(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 5

```
-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_othello v1,accel_othello v0
WHERE
v1.tag="play" and v1.pre!=v0.par and
v0.pre>v1.pre and v0.post<v1.post and
v0.tag="title" and v0.kind="e";
Query8=/play/*/title
13 12 12 e TITLE
50 49 49 e TITLE
53 51 52 e TITLE
593 591 592 e TITLE
```

941 939 940 e TITLE
 2090 2089 2089 e TITLE
 2093 2091 2092 e TITLE
 3062 3060 3061 e TITLE
 3097 3095 3096 e TITLE
 4236 4235 4235 e TITLE
 4239 4237 4238 e TITLE
 4460 4458 4459 e TITLE
 4493 4491 4492 e TITLE
 6090 6088 6089 e TITLE
 6844 6843 6843 e TITLE
 6847 6845 6846 e TITLE
 7954 7952 7953 e TITLE
 8832 8830 8831 e TITLE
 9201 9200 9200 e TITLE
 9204 9202 9203 e TITLE
 9773 9771 9772 e TITLE

Total Query Time: 60(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 21

 SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
 FROM accel_othello v4,accel_othello v3,accel_othello
 p3,accel_othello c3,accel_othello v0
 WHERE
 v4.tag="play" and v4.pre=v3.par and
 v3.tag="act" and v3.pre=v0.par and
 p3.tag="title" and v3.pre=p3.par and
 c3.pre=p3.pre+1 and c3.tag="ACT I" and
 v0.tag="scene" and v0.kind="e";
 Query9=/play/act[title=ACT I]/scene
 52 589 49 e SCENE
 592 937 49 e SCENE
 940 2086 49 e SCENE

Total Query Time: 60(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 3

 SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
 FROM accel_othello v5,accel_othello v4,accel_othello
 p4,accel_othello c4,accel_othello v1,accel_othello v0
 WHERE
 v5.tag="play" and v5.pre=v4.par and
 v4.tag="act" and v4.pre=v1.par and
 p4.tag="title" and v4.pre=p4.par and
 c4.pre=p4.pre+1 and c4.tag="ACT I" and
 v1.tag="scene" and v1.pre=v0.par and
 v0.tag="speech" and v0.kind="e";
 Query10=/play/act[title=ACT I]/scene/speech
 57 62 52 e SPEECH
 66 69 52 e SPEECH
 73 74 52 e SPEECH
 78 129 52 e SPEECH
 133 134 52 e SPEECH
 138 149 52 e SPEECH
 153 154 52 e SPEECH
 158 209 52 e SPEECH
 213 216 52 e SPEECH
 220 233 52 e SPEECH
 237 238 52 e SPEECH
 242 247 52 e SPEECH
 251 252 52 e SPEECH
 256 261 52 e SPEECH

267 270 52 e SPEECH
 274 275 52 e SPEECH
 279 280 52 e SPEECH
 284 285 52 e SPEECH
 289 304 52 e SPEECH
 308 309 52 e SPEECH
 313 314 52 e SPEECH
 318 319 52 e SPEECH
 323 324 52 e SPEECH
 328 341 52 e SPEECH
 345 346 52 e SPEECH
 350 355 52 e SPEECH
 359 360 52 e SPEECH
 364 367 52 e SPEECH
 371 374 52 e SPEECH
 378 389 52 e SPEECH
 393 394 52 e SPEECH
 398 401 52 e SPEECH
 405 406 52 e SPEECH
 410 411 52 e SPEECH
 415 416 52 e SPEECH
 420 461 52 e SPEECH
 465 474 52 e SPEECH
 480 511 52 e SPEECH
 519 534 52 e SPEECH
 538 539 52 e SPEECH
 543 554 52 e SPEECH
 558 559 52 e SPEECH
 563 568 52 e SPEECH
 572 575 52 e SPEECH
 579 586 52 e SPEECH
 597 606 592 e SPEECH
 610 611 592 e SPEECH
 615 638 592 e SPEECH
 642 665 592 e SPEECH
 669 672 592 e SPEECH
 676 681 592 e SPEECH
 685 686 592 e SPEECH
 692 697 592 e SPEECH
 701 706 592 e SPEECH
 710 711 592 e SPEECH
 715 734 592 e SPEECH
 738 743 592 e SPEECH
 749 750 592 e SPEECH
 754 757 592 e SPEECH
 761 762 592 e SPEECH
 766 767 592 e SPEECH
 771 772 592 e SPEECH
 778 779 592 e SPEECH
 783 784 592 e SPEECH
 788 789 592 e SPEECH
 793 796 592 e SPEECH
 803 804 592 e SPEECH
 808 809 592 e SPEECH
 813 814 592 e SPEECH
 820 821 592 e SPEECH
 825 830 592 e SPEECH
 834 873 592 e SPEECH
 877 886 592 e SPEECH
 890 895 592 e SPEECH
 899 908 592 e SPEECH

912 917 592 e SPEECH
 921 934 592 e SPEECH
 946 949 940 e SPEECH
 953 956 940 e SPEECH
 960 961 940 e SPEECH
 965 974 940 e SPEECH
 978 985 940 e SPEECH
 989 992 940 e SPEECH
 996 997 940 e SPEECH
 1003 1004 940 e SPEECH
 1008 1013 940 e SPEECH
 1017 1018 940 e SPEECH
 1022 1049 940 e SPEECH
 1053 1054 940 e SPEECH
 1058 1059 940 e SPEECH
 1065 1070 940 e SPEECH
 1074 1075 940 e SPEECH
 1079 1090 940 e SPEECH
 1094 1097 940 e SPEECH
 1101 1102 940 e SPEECH
 1106 1107 940 e SPEECH
 1111 1112 940 e SPEECH
 1118 1127 940 e SPEECH
 1131 1144 940 e SPEECH
 1148 1149 940 e SPEECH
 1153 1154 940 e SPEECH
 1158 1161 940 e SPEECH
 1165 1176 940 e SPEECH
 1180 1191 940 e SPEECH
 1195 1202 940 e SPEECH
 1206 1209 940 e SPEECH
 1213 1216 940 e SPEECH
 1220 1221 940 e SPEECH
 1225 1262 940 e SPEECH
 1266 1291 940 e SPEECH
 1295 1302 940 e SPEECH
 1306 1315 940 e SPEECH
 1319 1332 940 e SPEECH
 1336 1337 940 e SPEECH
 1341 1354 940 e SPEECH
 1358 1359 940 e SPEECH
 1363 1449 940 e SPEECH
 1455 1464 940 e SPEECH
 1468 1479 940 e SPEECH
 1483 1502 940 e SPEECH
 1506 1525 940 e SPEECH
 1529 1550 940 e SPEECH
 1554 1575 940 e SPEECH
 1579 1594 940 e SPEECH
 1598 1619 940 e SPEECH
 1623 1626 940 e SPEECH
 1630 1631 940 e SPEECH
 1635 1636 940 e SPEECH
 1640 1651 940 e SPEECH
 1655 1656 940 e SPEECH
 1660 1684 940 e SPEECH
 1688 1717 940 e SPEECH
 1721 1726 940 e SPEECH
 1730 1731 940 e SPEECH
 1735 1736 940 e SPEECH
 1740 1749 940 e SPEECH

1753 1762 940 e SPEECH
 1766 1777 940 e SPEECH
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 1786 1789 940 e SPEECH
 1797 1810 940 e SPEECH
 1816 1817 940 e SPEECH
 1821 1822 940 e SPEECH
 1826 1827 940 e SPEECH
 1831 1832 940 e SPEECH
 1836 1837 940 e SPEECH
 1841 1844 940 e SPEECH
 1848 1851 940 e SPEECH
 1855 1866 940 e SPEECH
 1870 1873 940 e SPEECH
 1877 1906 940 e SPEECH
 1910 1911 940 e SPEECH
 1915 1970 940 e SPEECH
 1974 1977 940 e SPEECH
 1981 1998 940 e SPEECH
 2002 2004 940 e SPEECH
 2008 2009 940 e SPEECH
 2013 2014 940 e SPEECH
 2018 2019 940 e SPEECH
 2023 2024 940 e SPEECH
 2028 2029 940 e SPEECH
 2033 2034 940 e SPEECH
 2040 2083 940 e SPEECH

Total Query Time: 70(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 163

```

-----
SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_othello v6,accel_othello v5,accel_othello
p5,accel_othello c5,accel_othello v2,accel_othello
v1,accel_othello v0
WHERE
v6.tag="play" and v6.pre=v5.par and
v5.tag="act" and v5.pre=v2.par and
p5.tag="title" and v5.pre=p5.par and
c5.pre=p5.pre+1 and c5.tag="ACT I" and
v2.tag="scene" and v2.pre=v1.par and
v1.tag="speech" and v1.pre=v0.par and
v0.tag="line" and v0.kind="e";
Query11=/play/act[title=ACT I]/scene/speech/line
60 57 57 e LINE
62 59 57 e LINE
64 61 57 e LINE
69 66 66 e LINE
71 68 66 e LINE
76 73 73 e LINE
81 78 78 e LINE
83 80 78 e LINE
85 82 78 e LINE
87 84 78 e LINE
89 86 78 e LINE
91 88 78 e LINE
93 90 78 e LINE
95 92 78 e LINE
97 94 78 e LINE
99 96 78 e LINE
101 98 78 e LINE
103 100 78 e LINE
  
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105 102 78 e LINE
107 104 78 e LINE
109 106 78 e LINE
111 108 78 e LINE
113 110 78 e LINE
115 112 78 e LINE
117 114 78 e LINE
119 116 78 e LINE
121 118 78 e LINE
123 120 78 e LINE
125 122 78 e LINE
127 124 78 e LINE
129 126 78 e LINE
131 128 78 e LINE
136 133 133 e LINE
141 138 138 e LINE
143 140 138 e LINE
145 142 138 e LINE
147 144 138 e LINE
149 146 138 e LINE
151 148 138 e LINE
156 153 153 e LINE
161 158 158 e LINE
163 160 158 e LINE
165 162 158 e LINE
167 164 158 e LINE
169 166 158 e LINE
171 168 158 e LINE
173 170 158 e LINE
175 172 158 e LINE
177 174 158 e LINE
179 176 158 e LINE
181 178 158 e LINE
183 180 158 e LINE
185 182 158 e LINE
187 184 158 e LINE
189 186 158 e LINE
191 188 158 e LINE
193 190 158 e LINE
195 192 158 e LINE
197 194 158 e LINE
199 196 158 e LINE
201 198 158 e LINE
203 200 158 e LINE
205 202 158 e LINE
207 204 158 e LINE
209 206 158 e LINE
211 208 158 e LINE
216 213 213 e LINE
218 215 213 e LINE
223 220 220 e LINE
225 222 220 e LINE
227 224 220 e LINE
229 226 220 e LINE
231 228 220 e LINE
233 230 220 e LINE
235 232 220 e LINE
240 237 237 e LINE
245 242 242 e LINE
247 244 242 e LINE
249 246 242 e LINE
254 251 251 e LINE
259 256 256 e LINE
261 258 256 e LINE
263 260 256 e LINE
270 267 267 e LINE
272 269 267 e LINE
277 274 274 e LINE
282 279 279 e LINE
287 284 284 e LINE
292 289 289 e LINE
294 291 289 e LINE
296 293 289 e LINE
298 295 289 e LINE
300 297 289 e LINE
302 299 289 e LINE
304 301 289 e LINE
306 303 289 e LINE
311 308 308 e LINE
316 313 313 e LINE
321 318 318 e LINE
326 323 323 e LINE
331 328 328 e LINE
333 330 328 e LINE
335 332 328 e LINE
337 334 328 e LINE
339 336 328 e LINE
341 338 328 e LINE
343 340 328 e LINE
348 345 345 e LINE
353 350 350 e LINE
355 352 350 e LINE
357 354 350 e LINE
362 359 359 e LINE
367 364 364 e LINE
369 366 364 e LINE
374 371 371 e LINE
376 373 371 e LINE
381 378 378 e LINE
383 380 378 e LINE
385 382 378 e LINE
387 384 378 e LINE
389 386 378 e LINE
391 388 378 e LINE
396 393 393 e LINE
401 398 398 e LINE
403 400 398 e LINE
408 405 405 e LINE
413 410 410 e LINE
418 415 415 e LINE
423 420 420 e LINE
425 422 420 e LINE
427 424 420 e LINE
429 426 420 e LINE
431 428 420 e LINE
433 430 420 e LINE
435 432 420 e LINE
437 434 420 e LINE
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443 440 420 e LINE
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451 448 420 e LINE
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468 465 465 e LINE
470 467 465 e LINE
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474 471 465 e LINE
476 473 465 e LINE
483 480 480 e LINE
485 482 480 e LINE
487 484 480 e LINE
489 486 480 e LINE
491 488 480 e LINE
493 490 480 e LINE
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497 494 480 e LINE
499 496 480 e LINE
501 498 480 e LINE
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622 619 615 e LINE
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632 629 615 e LINE
634 631 615 e LINE
636 633 615 e LINE
638 635 615 e LINE
640 637 615 e LINE
645 642 642 e LINE
647 644 642 e LINE
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651 648 642 e LINE
653 650 642 e LINE
655 652 642 e LINE
657 654 642 e LINE
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661 658 642 e LINE
663 660 642 e LINE
665 662 642 e LINE
667 664 642 e LINE
672 669 669 e LINE
674 671 669 e LINE
679 676 676 e LINE
681 678 676 e LINE
683 680 676 e LINE
688 685 685 e LINE
695 692 692 e LINE
697 694 692 e LINE
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706 703 701 e LINE
708 705 701 e LINE
713 710 710 e LINE
718 715 715 e LINE
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745 742 738 e LINE
752 749 749 e LINE
757 754 754 e LINE
759 756 754 e LINE
764 761 761 e LINE
769 766 766 e LINE
774 771 771 e LINE
781 778 778 e LINE
786 783 783 e LINE
791 788 788 e LINE
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843 840 834 e LINE
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849 846 834 e LINE
851 848 834 e LINE
853 850 834 e LINE
855 852 834 e LINE
857 854 834 e LINE
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861 858 834 e LINE
863 860 834 e LINE
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871 868 834 e LINE
873 870 834 e LINE
875 872 834 e LINE
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884 881 877 e LINE
886 883 877 e LINE
888 885 877 e LINE
893 890 890 e LINE
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897 894 890 e LINE
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949 946 946 e LINE
951 948 946 e LINE
956 953 953 e LINE
958 955 953 e LINE
963 960 960 e LINE
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992 991 989 e LINE
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1011 1008 1008 e LINE
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1039 1036 1022 e LINE
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1056 1053 1053 e LINE
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1134 1131 1131 e LINE
1136 1133 1131 e LINE
1138 1135 1131 e LINE
1140 1137 1131 e LINE
1142 1139 1131 e LINE
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1151 1148 1148 e LINE
1156 1153 1153 e LINE
1163 1160 1158 e LINE
1168 1165 1165 e LINE
1170 1167 1165 e LINE
1172 1169 1165 e LINE
1174 1171 1165 e LINE
1176 1173 1165 e LINE
1178 1175 1165 e LINE

1183	1180	1180	e	LINE	1339	1336	1336	e	LINE
1185	1182	1180	e	LINE	1344	1341	1341	e	LINE
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1490	1487	1483	e	LINE	1633	1630	1630	e	LINE
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1496	1493	1483	e	LINE	1645	1642	1640	e	LINE
1498	1495	1483	e	LINE	1647	1644	1640	e	LINE
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1504	1501	1483	e	LINE	1653	1650	1640	e	LINE
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1513	1510	1506	e	LINE	1665	1662	1660	e	LINE
1515	1512	1506	e	LINE	1667	1664	1660	e	LINE
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1573	1570	1554	e	LINE	1726	1723	1721	e	LINE
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Total Query Time: 110(msec) Number of Result Nodes:
737

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SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_othello v5,accel_othello p5,accel_othello
c5,accel_othello v2,accel_othello v1,accel_othello v0
WHERE
v5.tag="act" and v5.pre=v2.par and
p5.tag="title" and v5.pre=p5.par and
c5.pre=p5.pre+1 and c5.tag="ACT I" and
v2.tag="scene" and v2.pre=v1.par and
v1.tag="speech" and v1.pre=v0.par and
  
```

v0.tag="line" and v0.kind="e";	199 196 158 e LINE
Query12=//act[title=ACT I]/scene/speech/line	201 198 158 e LINE
60 57 57 e LINE	203 200 158 e LINE
62 59 57 e LINE	205 202 158 e LINE
64 61 57 e LINE	207 204 158 e LINE
69 66 66 e LINE	209 206 158 e LINE
71 68 66 e LINE	211 208 158 e LINE
76 73 73 e LINE	216 213 213 e LINE
81 78 78 e LINE	218 215 213 e LINE
83 80 78 e LINE	223 220 220 e LINE
85 82 78 e LINE	225 222 220 e LINE
87 84 78 e LINE	227 224 220 e LINE
89 86 78 e LINE	229 226 220 e LINE
91 88 78 e LINE	231 228 220 e LINE
93 90 78 e LINE	233 230 220 e LINE
95 92 78 e LINE	235 232 220 e LINE
97 94 78 e LINE	240 237 237 e LINE
99 96 78 e LINE	245 242 242 e LINE
101 98 78 e LINE	247 244 242 e LINE
103 100 78 e LINE	249 246 242 e LINE
105 102 78 e LINE	254 251 251 e LINE
107 104 78 e LINE	259 256 256 e LINE
109 106 78 e LINE	261 258 256 e LINE
111 108 78 e LINE	263 260 256 e LINE
113 110 78 e LINE	270 267 267 e LINE
115 112 78 e LINE	272 269 267 e LINE
117 114 78 e LINE	277 274 274 e LINE
119 116 78 e LINE	282 279 279 e LINE
121 118 78 e LINE	287 284 284 e LINE
123 120 78 e LINE	292 289 289 e LINE
125 122 78 e LINE	294 291 289 e LINE
127 124 78 e LINE	296 293 289 e LINE
129 126 78 e LINE	298 295 289 e LINE
131 128 78 e LINE	300 297 289 e LINE
136 133 133 e LINE	302 299 289 e LINE
141 138 138 e LINE	304 301 289 e LINE
143 140 138 e LINE	306 303 289 e LINE
145 142 138 e LINE	311 308 308 e LINE
147 144 138 e LINE	316 313 313 e LINE
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151 148 138 e LINE	326 323 323 e LINE
156 153 153 e LINE	331 328 328 e LINE
161 158 158 e LINE	333 330 328 e LINE
163 160 158 e LINE	335 332 328 e LINE
165 162 158 e LINE	337 334 328 e LINE
167 164 158 e LINE	339 336 328 e LINE
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173 170 158 e LINE	348 345 345 e LINE
175 172 158 e LINE	353 350 350 e LINE
177 174 158 e LINE	355 352 350 e LINE
179 176 158 e LINE	357 354 350 e LINE
181 178 158 e LINE	362 359 359 e LINE
183 180 158 e LINE	367 364 364 e LINE
185 182 158 e LINE	369 366 364 e LINE
187 184 158 e LINE	374 371 371 e LINE
189 186 158 e LINE	376 373 371 e LINE
191 188 158 e LINE	381 378 378 e LINE
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1211	1208	1206	e	LINE	1371	1368	1363	e	LINE
1216	1215	1213	e	LINE	1373	1370	1363	e	LINE
1223	1220	1220	e	LINE	1375	1372	1363	e	LINE
1228	1225	1225	e	LINE	1377	1374	1363	e	LINE
1230	1227	1225	e	LINE	1379	1376	1363	e	LINE
1232	1229	1225	e	LINE	1381	1378	1363	e	LINE
1234	1231	1225	e	LINE	1383	1380	1363	e	LINE
1236	1233	1225	e	LINE	1385	1382	1363	e	LINE
1238	1235	1225	e	LINE	1387	1384	1363	e	LINE
1240	1237	1225	e	LINE	1389	1386	1363	e	LINE
1242	1239	1225	e	LINE	1391	1388	1363	e	LINE
1244	1241	1225	e	LINE	1393	1390	1363	e	LINE
1246	1243	1225	e	LINE	1395	1392	1363	e	LINE
1248	1245	1225	e	LINE	1397	1394	1363	e	LINE
1250	1247	1225	e	LINE	1399	1396	1363	e	LINE
1252	1249	1225	e	LINE	1401	1398	1363	e	LINE
1254	1251	1225	e	LINE	1403	1400	1363	e	LINE
1256	1253	1225	e	LINE	1405	1402	1363	e	LINE
1258	1255	1225	e	LINE	1407	1404	1363	e	LINE
1260	1257	1225	e	LINE	1409	1406	1363	e	LINE
1262	1259	1225	e	LINE	1411	1408	1363	e	LINE
1264	1261	1225	e	LINE	1413	1410	1363	e	LINE
1269	1266	1266	e	LINE	1415	1412	1363	e	LINE
1271	1268	1266	e	LINE	1417	1414	1363	e	LINE
1273	1270	1266	e	LINE	1419	1416	1363	e	LINE
1275	1272	1266	e	LINE	1421	1418	1363	e	LINE
1277	1274	1266	e	LINE	1423	1420	1363	e	LINE
1279	1276	1266	e	LINE	1425	1422	1363	e	LINE
1281	1278	1266	e	LINE	1427	1424	1363	e	LINE
1283	1280	1266	e	LINE	1429	1426	1363	e	LINE
1285	1282	1266	e	LINE	1431	1428	1363	e	LINE

1433	1430	1363	e	LINE	1575	1572	1554	e	LINE
1435	1432	1363	e	LINE	1577	1574	1554	e	LINE
1437	1434	1363	e	LINE	1582	1579	1579	e	LINE
1439	1436	1363	e	LINE	1584	1581	1579	e	LINE
1441	1438	1363	e	LINE	1586	1583	1579	e	LINE
1443	1440	1363	e	LINE	1588	1585	1579	e	LINE
1445	1442	1363	e	LINE	1590	1587	1579	e	LINE
1447	1444	1363	e	LINE	1592	1589	1579	e	LINE
1449	1446	1363	e	LINE	1594	1591	1579	e	LINE
1451	1448	1363	e	LINE	1596	1593	1579	e	LINE
1458	1455	1455	e	LINE	1601	1598	1598	e	LINE
1460	1457	1455	e	LINE	1603	1600	1598	e	LINE
1462	1459	1455	e	LINE	1605	1602	1598	e	LINE
1464	1461	1455	e	LINE	1607	1604	1598	e	LINE
1466	1463	1455	e	LINE	1609	1606	1598	e	LINE
1471	1468	1468	e	LINE	1611	1608	1598	e	LINE
1473	1470	1468	e	LINE	1613	1610	1598	e	LINE
1475	1472	1468	e	LINE	1615	1612	1598	e	LINE
1477	1474	1468	e	LINE	1617	1614	1598	e	LINE
1479	1476	1468	e	LINE	1619	1616	1598	e	LINE
1481	1478	1468	e	LINE	1621	1618	1598	e	LINE
1486	1483	1483	e	LINE	1626	1623	1623	e	LINE
1488	1485	1483	e	LINE	1628	1625	1623	e	LINE
1490	1487	1483	e	LINE	1633	1630	1630	e	LINE
1492	1489	1483	e	LINE	1638	1635	1635	e	LINE
1494	1491	1483	e	LINE	1643	1640	1640	e	LINE
1496	1493	1483	e	LINE	1645	1642	1640	e	LINE
1498	1495	1483	e	LINE	1647	1644	1640	e	LINE
1500	1497	1483	e	LINE	1649	1646	1640	e	LINE
1502	1499	1483	e	LINE	1651	1648	1640	e	LINE
1504	1501	1483	e	LINE	1653	1650	1640	e	LINE
1509	1506	1506	e	LINE	1658	1655	1655	e	LINE
1511	1508	1506	e	LINE	1663	1660	1660	e	LINE
1513	1510	1506	e	LINE	1665	1662	1660	e	LINE
1515	1512	1506	e	LINE	1667	1664	1660	e	LINE
1517	1514	1506	e	LINE	1669	1666	1660	e	LINE
1519	1516	1506	e	LINE	1671	1668	1660	e	LINE
1521	1518	1506	e	LINE	1673	1670	1660	e	LINE
1523	1520	1506	e	LINE	1675	1672	1660	e	LINE
1525	1522	1506	e	LINE	1677	1674	1660	e	LINE
1527	1524	1506	e	LINE	1679	1676	1660	e	LINE
1532	1529	1529	e	LINE	1681	1678	1660	e	LINE
1534	1531	1529	e	LINE	1683	1681	1660	e	LINE
1536	1533	1529	e	LINE	1686	1683	1660	e	LINE
1538	1535	1529	e	LINE	1691	1688	1688	e	LINE
1540	1537	1529	e	LINE	1693	1690	1688	e	LINE
1542	1539	1529	e	LINE	1695	1692	1688	e	LINE
1544	1541	1529	e	LINE	1697	1694	1688	e	LINE
1546	1543	1529	e	LINE	1699	1696	1688	e	LINE
1548	1545	1529	e	LINE	1701	1698	1688	e	LINE
1550	1547	1529	e	LINE	1703	1700	1688	e	LINE
1552	1549	1529	e	LINE	1705	1702	1688	e	LINE
1557	1554	1554	e	LINE	1707	1704	1688	e	LINE
1559	1556	1554	e	LINE	1709	1706	1688	e	LINE
1561	1558	1554	e	LINE	1711	1708	1688	e	LINE
1563	1560	1554	e	LINE	1713	1710	1688	e	LINE
1565	1562	1554	e	LINE	1715	1712	1688	e	LINE
1567	1564	1554	e	LINE	1717	1714	1688	e	LINE
1569	1566	1554	e	LINE	1719	1716	1688	e	LINE
1571	1568	1554	e	LINE	1724	1721	1721	e	LINE
1573	1570	1554	e	LINE	1726	1723	1721	e	LINE

1728	1725	1721	e	LINE	1918	1915	1915	e	LINE
1733	1730	1730	e	LINE	1920	1917	1915	e	LINE
1738	1735	1735	e	LINE	1922	1919	1915	e	LINE
1743	1740	1740	e	LINE	1924	1921	1915	e	LINE
1745	1742	1740	e	LINE	1926	1923	1915	e	LINE
1747	1744	1740	e	LINE	1928	1925	1915	e	LINE
1749	1746	1740	e	LINE	1930	1927	1915	e	LINE
1751	1748	1740	e	LINE	1932	1929	1915	e	LINE
1756	1753	1753	e	LINE	1934	1931	1915	e	LINE
1758	1755	1753	e	LINE	1936	1933	1915	e	LINE
1760	1757	1753	e	LINE	1938	1935	1915	e	LINE
1762	1759	1753	e	LINE	1940	1937	1915	e	LINE
1764	1761	1753	e	LINE	1942	1939	1915	e	LINE
1769	1766	1766	e	LINE	1944	1941	1915	e	LINE
1771	1768	1766	e	LINE	1946	1943	1915	e	LINE
1775	1772	1766	e	LINE	1948	1945	1915	e	LINE
1777	1774	1766	e	LINE	1950	1947	1915	e	LINE
1779	1776	1766	e	LINE	1952	1949	1915	e	LINE
1784	1781	1781	e	LINE	1954	1951	1915	e	LINE
1789	1786	1786	e	LINE	1956	1953	1915	e	LINE
1791	1788	1786	e	LINE	1958	1955	1915	e	LINE
1800	1797	1797	e	LINE	1960	1957	1915	e	LINE
1802	1799	1797	e	LINE	1962	1959	1915	e	LINE
1804	1801	1797	e	LINE	1964	1961	1915	e	LINE
1806	1803	1797	e	LINE	1966	1963	1915	e	LINE
1808	1805	1797	e	LINE	1968	1965	1915	e	LINE
1810	1807	1797	e	LINE	1970	1967	1915	e	LINE
1812	1809	1797	e	LINE	1972	1969	1915	e	LINE
1819	1816	1816	e	LINE	1977	1974	1974	e	LINE
1824	1821	1821	e	LINE	1979	1976	1974	e	LINE
1829	1826	1826	e	LINE	1984	1981	1981	e	LINE
1834	1831	1831	e	LINE	1986	1983	1981	e	LINE
1839	1836	1836	e	LINE	1988	1985	1981	e	LINE
1844	1841	1841	e	LINE	1990	1987	1981	e	LINE
1846	1843	1841	e	LINE	1992	1989	1981	e	LINE
1851	1848	1848	e	LINE	1994	1991	1981	e	LINE
1853	1850	1848	e	LINE	1996	1993	1981	e	LINE
1858	1855	1855	e	LINE	1998	1995	1981	e	LINE
1860	1857	1855	e	LINE	2000	1997	1981	e	LINE
1862	1859	1855	e	LINE	2005	2003	2002	e	LINE
1864	1861	1855	e	LINE	2011	2008	2008	e	LINE
1866	1863	1855	e	LINE	2016	2013	2013	e	LINE
1868	1865	1855	e	LINE	2021	2018	2018	e	LINE
1873	1870	1870	e	LINE	2026	2023	2023	e	LINE
1875	1872	1870	e	LINE	2031	2028	2028	e	LINE
1880	1877	1877	e	LINE	2036	2033	2033	e	LINE
1882	1879	1877	e	LINE	2043	2040	2040	e	LINE
1884	1881	1877	e	LINE	2045	2042	2040	e	LINE
1886	1883	1877	e	LINE	2047	2044	2040	e	LINE
1888	1885	1877	e	LINE	2049	2046	2040	e	LINE
1890	1887	1877	e	LINE	2051	2048	2040	e	LINE
1892	1889	1877	e	LINE	2053	2050	2040	e	LINE
1894	1891	1877	e	LINE	2055	2052	2040	e	LINE
1896	1893	1877	e	LINE	2057	2054	2040	e	LINE
1898	1895	1877	e	LINE	2059	2056	2040	e	LINE
1900	1897	1877	e	LINE	2061	2058	2040	e	LINE
1902	1899	1877	e	LINE	2063	2060	2040	e	LINE
1904	1901	1877	e	LINE	2065	2062	2040	e	LINE
1906	1903	1877	e	LINE	2067	2064	2040	e	LINE
1908	1905	1877	e	LINE	2069	2066	2040	e	LINE
1913	1910	1910	e	LINE	2071	2068	2040	e	LINE

2073 2070 2040 e LINE
2075 2072 2040 e LINE
2077 2074 2040 e LINE
2079 2076 2040 e LINE
2081 2078 2040 e LINE
2083 2080 2040 e LINE
2085 2082 2040 e LINE

Total Query Time: 130(msec) Number of Result Nodes:
737

SELECT DISTINCT v0.*
FROM accel_othello v4,accel_othello p4,accel_othello
c4,accel_othello v1,accel_othello v0
WHERE
v4.tag="act" and v4.pre=v1.par and
p4.tag="title" and v4.pre=p4.par and
c4.pre=p4.pre+1 and c4.tag="ACT I" and
v1.tag="scene" and v1.pre=v0.par and
v0.tag="stagedir" and v0.kind="e";
Query13=//act[title=ACT I]/scene/stagedir
55 53 52 e STAGEDIR
265 263 52 e STAGEDIR

478 476 52 e STAGEDIR
515 513 52 e STAGEDIR
517 515 52 e STAGEDIR
590 588 52 e STAGEDIR
595 593 592 e STAGEDIR
690 688 592 e STAGEDIR
747 745 592 e STAGEDIR
776 774 592 e STAGEDIR
800 799 592 e STAGEDIR
818 816 592 e STAGEDIR
938 936 592 e STAGEDIR
943 942 940 e STAGEDIR
1001 999 940 e STAGEDIR
1063 1061 940 e STAGEDIR
1116 1114 940 e STAGEDIR
1453 1451 940 e STAGEDIR
1793 1793 940 e STAGEDIR
1814 1812 940 e STAGEDIR
2038 2036 940 e STAGEDIR
2087 2085 940 e STAGEDIR

Total Query Time: 40(msec) Number of Result Nodes: 22

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BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

Do Youn Kim was born in Seoul, Korea on February 19, 1977. He earned B. S. in Computer Science from Western Illinois University in May, 2003. He came to UTA in August, 2003 as a Masters student in Computer Science. His major interest area was Database and XML. He earned his Masters degree in Computer Science in December 2005. He was going to work for the mobile communication company after graduation.